

# SERENA® DIMENSIONS® CM 14.3.2

**Installation Guide for UNIX** 

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# **Table of Contents**

Chapter 1	Getting Started	11
	System Requirements	12
	Licensing	12
	Evaluation License	12
	Full License	12
	Prerequisites	13
	Installing the Serena Runtime	14
	Logging Pre-Installation Information	14
	Serena Runtime	14
	Server	15
	SSO Server and Smart Card	15
Chapter 2	Pre-Installation Tasks	17
	Setting AIX Oracle Directory Permissions	18
	Increasing the AIX Memory Limit	18
	Setting the Oracle Character Set	18
	Homogeneous Server-Client Environment	18
	Server Pre-Installation Tasks	19
	Connecting to the Database	19
	Creating OS User Accounts	19
	Using TCP/IP Ports	20
	Open Motif Package on Linux	21
	Security on Red Hat Enterprise	21
	Single Sign-On Prerequisites	22
	SSO Authentication Prerequisites	23
	Networking Tasks	26
	Network Nodes Types	26
	Optimizing Network Performance	26
	Network Disk Distribution	27
	Item Library Host Performance	28
	Working with NFS Networked Disks	28

	Client Pre-Installation Tasks	30
	Network Software Prerequisites	30
	Java Plug-In for Browser Client	30
	Eclipse Integration Prerequisites	30
	General OS Requirements	31
	Disk Space Requirements	31
	C++ Runtime Library Versions	31
	OS Patches	31
	Increasing the Open File Descriptors Limit	32
	Linux Requirements	32
	System Parameters	33
	Memory and Swapping	33
	Support for Large Files	33
	Reinstalling CM	33
	HP-UX 11 Filesystem Modification	34
Chapter 3	Preparing a Database	35
	Local Serena Runtime	36
	Local Oracle Enterprise	36
	Oracle Instance with a Previous Dimensions Schema	36
	Creating the Dimensions CM Oracle Instance	37
	Verifying the Oracle User	40
	Preparing the Oracle Environment	41
	Using an Existing Oracle Instance	44
	Remote Serena Runtime	46
	Remote Oracle Enterprise	47
	Introduction	47
	Setting Up a Local Oracle Net Service Name	47
	Dimensions CM and RM Data	49
Chapter 4	Installing Dimensions CM	51
	Installation Options	52
	Launching the Installer from a DVD	53
	Mounting a DVD	53
	Launching the HTML Front End	54
	Launching the Installer from a Download	54
	Running the Installer	55
	Installing all Server Components	55

	Remote Schema Requirements	55
	Installing the Database Remotely on a Different Platform	56
	SSO and Smart Card Limitations and Requirements	57
	Installing a Server	57
	Installing a UNIX Server Only	62
	Overview	62
	Installing Server Only	63
	Server Only Post-Installation Tasks	67
	Installing a Schema Only	68
	Installing an SSO Server and Smart Card	71
	SSO and Smart Card Limitations and Requirements	71
	Installing	71
	Installing a UNIX Agent	73
	Starting Agent Services	74
	Installing a UNIX Client	77
	Installing Dimensions CM for Eclipse	78
	Installing the Eclipse Integration from a Server	78
	Manually Installing the Eclipse Integration	79
	Installing Dimensions Make	81
	Legal Considerations	81
	Obtaining the Dimensions Make Executables	81
	Pre-Installation Requirements	82
	Installing Dimensions Make	82
		83
	Using Console Mode	63
Chapter 5	Post-Installation Tasks	85
	Starting UNIX Server Processes	86
	Checking the Installation Logs	86
	Starting the RDBMS	86
	Starting a Server as the Root User	87
	Starting a Server as the Administrator User	88
	Starting Tomcat	90
	Verifying an Installation	90
	Configuring an X Window System	90
	Setting Up the Dimensions CM Environment	91
	Verifying Server and Agent Installations	91
	Checking the Command-Line Client	92
	Verifying Command Files	93
	verifying command these transfers the second	,,

	Ensuring OS Access to Dimensions Files 94
	Command-Line Acceptance Tests 94
	Testing Client URLs
	Establishing a Dimensions CM Environment 95
	Database Administration (Server Only) 96
	Working with Multiple Oracle Instances 96
	Registering Base Databases 96
	Installing Dimensions Published Views 97
	Database Administration Acceptance Tests 98
	Recovering from a System Crash
	General Server Setup Information
	Solaris Descriptors Limit
	Linux Kernel Size Warning
	Solaris License Defect
	Locations of Demo Process Models 100
	Ownership of Item Libraries
	Integrating with Dimensions RM
	Setting Up SSO
	Configuring Trusted Certificate Authorities 101
	Disabling Username and Password Authentication 104
	Establishing a Certificate Revocation List 104
	Adding Smart Card Support after Installing CM with SSO 104
	Configuring Smart Card for SBM 106
	Automatically Merging on UNIX
Chapter 6	Pre-Upgrade Tasks
	General Pre-Upgrade Tasks
	Backup your Installation
	SSO Server Tasks
	SBM SSO Server Tasks
	Dimensions CM SSO Server Tasks
	Further Information
	Shut Down Dimensions CM
	Verify the Database is Running
	Download and Unpack the Installer
	Mount the DVD

Chapter 7	Upgrading Dimensions CM	L15
	Upgrade Options	116
	Pre-Upgrade Tasks	116
	5	117
	3	117
		117
	, ,	117
	13 3	122
	•	122
	, 5	122
	13 3	124
	13 3	125
	15 5	126
		126 126
	, -	126 126
	, 3	120 127
		128
Chapter 8	Post-Upgrade Tasks	L29
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131 131
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131 131 131
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131 131 131 132
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 131 132 132
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133 134
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133 134 134
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131 131 132 132 133 134 134 135
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 130 131 131 131 132 133 134 134 135 135
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133 134 135 135 135
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation	130 131 131 131 132 132 133 134 135 135 135
Chapter 8	Testing the Installation Updating Tomcat Installations Recalculating Database Statistics Configuring a Deployment Server Upgrading Pre-14 Data Using the VRS Upgrade Utility Using dmdba to Upgrade to VRS Computing Oracle Statistics UNIX Server Post-Upgrade Tasks Updating Database Views Reinstalling Dimensions Published Views Rebuilding Existing API Applications Copying UNIX Oracle Configuration Files Configuring UNIX Command Files Removing Duplicate Configuration Entries	130 131 131 131 132 132 133 134 135 135 135

	Preparing for Migration
	Running the Migration Process 139
	Upgrading the MO_LIST Table 141
	UNIX Agent and Client Post-Upgrade Tasks 155
	Useful Information
	Default Installation Locations
	Clients
	Agents
	Pulse
	CM Bridge
Chapter 9	Uninstalling Dimensions CM 159
	Introduction
	Stopping Tomcat
	Shutting Down Dimensions CM
	Uninstalling Components
	Error Messages when Uninstalling UNIX Clients 162
	Uninstalling the Serena Runtime
	Manually Cleaning Up164
Chapter 10	Migrating to a Serena-Supplied Runtime 165
	Overview
	Disclaimer
	Typical Migration Scenario
Chapter 11	Installing zLinux and Linux Itanium Clients 169
	Obtaining the Executables
	Launching the Client Installer
	Installing from the HTML Front End 170
	Installing from a tar File
	Running the Client Installer
	Checking the Client Installation
	Setting Up the Dimensions CM Environment 174
	Configuring an X Window System 174
	X Window System
	Command Prompt
	Uninstalling a Client

Chapter 12	Installing zLinux and Linux Itanium Agents	177
	Obtaining the Executables	178
	Running the Agent Installer	178
	Checking the Agent Installation	180
	Starting the Listener	180
	Stopping the Listener	182
	Verifying the Agent Installation	183
	3 3	183
	Uninstalling a Default Installation	183
	Uninstalling a Restricted Mode Installation	183
Chapter 13	Troubleshooting	185
	Troubleshooting the Listener	186
	Validating Listener and Pool Management Executables .	186
	Validating Log-In Details	186
	Validating Environment Variables	187
	Validating the Listener Socket is Available	187
	Validating the Serena License Server is Running	188
	Checking the User's Password	188
	Validating the ODBC DSN for Connections	188
	Checking SQL Net Authentication Errors	189
	3 '	189
	Database Connection Errors	190
	Enabling Serena Dimensions Listener Tracing	190
	Extracting Windows Directory Items on Solaris	191

# Chapter 1

# **Getting Started**

System Requirements	
Licensing	12
Installing the Serena Runtime	14
Logging Pre-Installation Information	14

### **System Requirements**

For details of supported platforms, upgrades, databases, and third party integrations visit this Serena support web page and click **Excel** to see the complete Dimensions CM platform matrix:

http://support.serena.com/roadmap/
 Product.aspx?sel=PVDIMENSIONS

For details about hardware requirements see General Scalability and Performance Guidelines in the *Dimensions CM Scaling and Optimization Guide*.

### Licensing

### **Evaluation License**

With an evaluation license you can use the software immediately after installation. You may enter a license server name or address any time during the evaluation period. For more on evaluation licenses see the *System Administration Guide*.

**NOTE** The evaluation license does not support Serena Dimensions Replicator.

#### **Full License**

If you install CM with a full license the installation enables the Serena license server. Otherwise you must manually enable the license server once you install a full license. For details see the *System Administration Guide*.

#### To install with a full license:

- **1** Install Serena license server, see the *Serena License Manager Installation Guide*.
- 2 Obtain and install a license, see the System Administration Guide for details.

- 3 When installing Dimensions choose the option **Specify License Server**.
- **4** Enter the host name or IP address of the system running the Serena License Server.

### **Prerequisites**

To permanently install Dimensions CM you must:

- 1 Install the Serena License Manager (SLM), see the Serena License Manager Installation Guide.
- **2** Obtain and install a license key via Serena web fulfillment, see the *System Administration Guide*.

To use web fulfillment to generate license keys:

- Determine the host ID and physical Ethernet address of the license server. This information is displayed in the Serena License Manager client, but can also be determined by running either of the following OS commands and noting the physical address of the Ethernet adapter:
  - AIX: echo uname -m
  - Linux:
     /sbin/ifconfig eth0 | grep HWaddr | cut -d " " -f11 |
     tr -d [:]
  - HP-UX: lanscan
  - Solaris: /usr/bin/hostid
- Have the product serial numbers ready of your Dimensions CM products.
- Have a Serena Support user login and password. Contact Serena Support to create an account at:

```
http://www.serena.com/support/
```

 Determine whether you will have concurrent licenses or named user licenses.

### Installing the Serena Runtime

For a server plus schema installation, if you do not have a supported RDBMS you can install the Serena Runtime. For details see the document *Installing the Serena-Supplied Runtime RDBMS*.

Record the parameters you specify during installation. Use the default values if possible. The values you specify are required during installation of the server plus schema. Log the following values:

- Installation directory for the Oracle inventory files.
- Oracle Home destination root-directory for the Serena Runtime software and configuration files.
- Oracle Owner, OSDBA Group, and OSOPER Group.
- Oracle Server Hostname, Oracle SID, and Database Character Set.
   Serena recommends using the default Unicode UTF-8 AL32UTF8
   character set. If you plan to use another character set contact
   Serena Support before proceeding.
- Common password for the SYSTEM, SYS, SYSMAN, and DBSNMP Oracle accounts.
- Listener Name and TCP/IP Port Number.

### **Logging Pre-Installation Information**

#### **Serena Runtime**

Log the parameters you specify during installation using the default values if possible. The values you specify are required during installation of the server plus schema. Log the following values:

- Installation directory for the Oracle inventory files.
- Oracle Home destination root-directory for the Serena Runtime software and configuration files.
- Oracle Owner, OSDBA Group, and OSOPER Group.
- Oracle Server Hostname, Oracle SID, and Database Character Set.
   Serena recommends using the default Unicode UTF-8 AL32UTF8

character set. If you plan to use another character set contact Serena Support before proceeding.

- Common password for the SYSTEM, SYS, SYSMAN, and DBSNMP Oracle accounts.
- Listener Name and TCP/IP Port Number.

#### Server

Log the following server information:

- Database password assigned to SYSTEM.
- Database password assigned to PCMS\_SYS.
- OS username of the Dimensions system administrator (typically dmsys).
- Name of the process model that you will install (server plus schema installations only).

#### **SSO Server and Smart Card**

For an existing SSO server log the following information:

- Hostname
- SSO port
- If a secure (https) connection is required

For a new SSO server log the following information:

- Hostname
- SSO port
- Bind user DN
- LDAP password for the bind user DN
- LDAP parameters to be used:
  - Hostname (by default same as for smart card reader)
  - Port (by default same as for smart card reader)
  - Base DN

- Search filter
- Bind user DN (by default same as for smart card reader)
- LDAP password for the bind user DN (by default same as for smart card reader)

# Chapter 2

## **Pre-Installation Tasks**

Setting AIX Oracle Directory Permissions	18
Increasing the AIX Memory Limit	18
Setting the Oracle Character Set	18
Server Pre-Installation Tasks	19
Open Motif Package on Linux	21
Security on Red Hat Enterprise	21
Single Sign-On Prerequisites	22
Networking Tasks	26
Client Pre-Installation Tasks	30
Prerequisites for the Eclipse Integration	29
General OS Requirements	31

### **Setting AIX Oracle Directory Permissions**

If you use the AIX version of the Serena Runtime as a local RDBMS set the permissions on the Oracle admin directory to "world readable".

### Increasing the AIX Memory Limit

To avoid hitting a memory limit when installing on AIX, run this command to increase the limit:

export LDR\_CNTRL=MAXDATA=0XB0000000@DSA

### **Setting the Oracle Character Set**

Serena recommends that you choose the AL32UTF8 multi-byte character set (MBCS) for Oracle. Dimensions CM is designed to work with this character set. Dimensions CM can also work with Oracle databases from earlier versions of Dimensions that use MBCS/ASCII character sets. Dimensions CM detects the character set when connecting to the database and processes the data appropriately. If you plan to use a character set other than AL32UTF8, Serena strongly advises you consult Serena Support before proceeding.

### **Homogeneous Server-Client Environment**

Consider the following if you use an Oracle database with an US7ASCII character set:

- A homogeneous environment is required for MBCS use. This means that if the desktop client and either the web client or Administration Console are to be used, then the web tools server must run on Windows with the same locale as all of the client systems.
- All systems that access this database (using any client) must use the same locale. If not, data that is entered on one system is read from a system with a different locale, and will appear corrupted.

### Server Pre-Installation Tasks

### **Connecting to the Database**

Before running a new installation ensure that the database is accessible by verifying that you can connect to it using standard database utilities. Also confirm that you know the correct database passwords for SYSTEM or PCMS\_SYS as you are prompted for this information during installation.

### **Creating OS User Accounts**

Before you install create an OS user account and associated group for the Dimensions System Administrator (the person responsible for all database and maintenance operations). Normally this is dmsys, however, an alternative user account can be assigned. During installation you are prompted for this account and its password.

#### **NOTES**

- The Dimensions System Administrator is the UNIX user (by default dmsys) that owns the Dimensions CM files and starts the appserver and libservever processes. By default, Dimensions CM works with a dmsys user without administration privileges. However, dmsys can also be a member of the admin group. This may be necessary in certain logging scenarios, for example, to obtain command audit logging that has been set in the dm.cfg file.
- For the Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise, the primary group-id for dmsys must be the same group-id as the Oracle instance owner's group-id (for example, dba). The user dmsys must also be a secondary group member of the group dmtool.

Depending on which process model you install you may set up additional OS user account names for the process model. Choosing a Process Model

During installation choose one of these process models:

• (Default) Typical, Stream Development

Demonstrates stream development features. This model follows a "copy, modify, merge" methodology for managing modern, parallel development projects.

Typical, Non-Stream Development

Demonstrates non-stream development features. This model follows a "lock, modify, unlock" methodology for managing more traditional development projects.

Custom

This process model has no pre-defined roles and no associated sample product. It is intended for use by:

- Experienced users to facilitate definition of a new model, without having to delete definitions from a pre-loaded process model.
- Existing users who have created their own process model export file to import when creating the base database. This model is also available by choosing the import option from the dmdba crdb function. See the *System Administration Guide* for details.

If you are upgrading the installer also upgrades your process model.

**IMPORTANT!** Before importing a process model check with Serena Support that it is valid.

### **Using TCP/IP Ports**

#### Web Tools Port

During server installation the installer assigns TCP/IP port 8080 to the various web tools. Verify that this port is not already being used by other software. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned. If port 8080 is not available specify an alternative port during installation.

**IMPORTANT!** If a server is behind a firewall the port must allow traffic in both directions.

#### **Dimensions CM Listener Port**

By default the Dimensions CM listener port is set to 671. This must be set up in the /etc/services file as described on page 21.

#### Secure Sockets Layer Ports

The web tools also configures two Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) ports:

- 8443: a general port for https/SSL connections and the sample Dimensions CM SSL certificate.
- 8543: a port for https/SSL connections that are used to perform smart card authentication.

### **Open Motif Package on Linux**

On Redhat Linux, SuSE Linux, and SuSE zLinux the following functionality is dependent on the Open Motif package (for example, openmotif-devel-XXX.rpm) being installed as a prerequisite:

- dmcli GUI login
- dmcli console mode
- ADP triggers

This can normally be achieved by using the Yast2 utility or an equivalent Linux tool.

### Security on Red Hat Enterprise

For servers, clients, and agents on Red Hat Enterprise Linux disable the firewall and SE Linux settings.

- **1** As user root run the Red Hat System Level Configuration Tool:
  - # system-config-securitylevel
- **2** Check that these settings are disabled:
  - Firewall
  - SE Linux

If these settings are not disabled the following error message appears when you try to run dmcli:

#### \$ dmcli

License Server: createJob failed: -2 License Server: createJob failed: -2 ACL4500017E Error: Cannot open

The licence server is running.

**IMPORTANT!** Disabling the firewall and SE Linux may go against your security policies.

### Single Sign-On Prerequisites

**NOTE** SSO server and smart card are only supported on Linux and Solaris.

For platforms that support SSO you can choose to:

- Install an SSO server with the server.
- Use an existing SSO server, for example, an SSO-enabled SBM server installation.
- Use smart card reader authentication software for use with remote Windows smart card client software and hardware.

After installation you must manually configure trusted certificate authorities, see page 101.

For a details of the SSO and smart card architecture see the *System Administration Guide*.

### **SSO Authentication Prerequisites**

#### Remote Windows Client with Smart Card Reader

The following client side prerequisites are required for a remote windows client with smart card reader:

- Smart card ActivClient 6.1 or later software. Configure the ActivClient client as described in the vendor documentation.
- Each has a personal smart card.
- A smart card reader is attached to the client system.

#### Existing SSO Server Prerequisites

The following information is requested by the installer if you choose to use an existing UNIX SSO server with, or without, a smart card reader:

Existing SSO Parameter	Description
Hostname	Hostname of the existing SSO Server.
SSO Port	http or https TCP port used by an existing SSO server. If the port is not https, the <b>Secure (https) Connection</b> option (see below) must not be selected.
Secure (https) Connection	Informs the installer that Secure Socket Layer (SSL) communication is required.

#### **New SSO Server Prerequisites**

The following information is requested by the installer if you choose to create a new UNIX SSO server. If you are installing for use with a remote smart card reader, you are first prompted for the following:

Smart Card Parameter	Description
Hostname	Hostname of the Domain Controller (Active Directory) or the system that serves LDAP requests.
Port	TCP port (by default 389) for the new SSO server.
Bind User DN	The LDAP bind user DN (distinguished name) for the new SSO server. This is the user on the external LDAP server permitted to search the LDAP directory in the defined search base. Generally the bind DN is permitted to search the entire directory. The role of the bind DN is to query the directory using the LDAP query filter and search base for the DN for authenticating users. When the DN is returned, the DN and password are used for authentication.
Password	The LDAP password to be used to be used in conjunction with the bind user DN by the new smart card setup software.

Provide the following information on the SSO server:

SSO Parameter Required	Description
Hostname	The hostname of the Domain Controller (Active Directory) or the system that serves LDAP requests.  If you are installing SSO with smart card reader, defaults to the same value you provided when setting up smart card support.
Port	TCP port (by default 389) for the new SSO server.  If you are installing SSO with smart card reader support, defaults to the same value you provided when setting up smart card support.
Base DN	The LDAP base DN for the new SSO server. The base DN is the top level in the LDAP directory tree below which the search for the user should be performed. Looks like this:  CN=Users, DC=your, DC=domain, DC=com
Search Filter	The LDAP search filter for the new SSO server.
Bind User DN	The LDAP bind user DN for the new SSO server. If you are installing SSO with smart card reader support, defaults to the same value you provided when setting up smart card support.
Password	The LDAP password to be used to be used in conjunction with the bind user DN by the new SSO server.  If you are installing SSO with smart card reader support, defaults to the same value you provided when setting up smart card support.

### **Networking Tasks**

See the *Dimensions CM Scaling and Optimization Guide* for details on network configuration.

### **Network Nodes Types**

#### Server node

Accesses the database, can host item libraries and work/deployment areas, and includes the command-line client.

#### Listener node

Can host item libraries and work/deployment areas but has no access to the database. Includes the command-line client.

#### Client node

Clients only.

### **Optimizing Network Performance**

Database processes should run on the fastest node in the network and, if possible, the node should have no Dimensions CM logins on it. Also, the OS parameters should be optimized with as much RAM as possible for each Dimensions CM network node in the network. If a single user workstation is used on the network, appropriate resources may need to be significantly increased to reduce paging/swapping.

In addition to providing networking facilities to permit operations across both a homogeneous and heterogeneous environment, a Dimensions CM network is able to spread the processing load. See the chapter *Using and Configuring Library Cache Areas* in the *System Administration Guide*.

To optimize your network refer to the *Dimensions CM Scaling and Optimization Guide*.

#### **Network Disk Distribution**

Disk access speed can significantly affect performance. Serena recommends splitting server configuration across multiple disks to improve performance.

#### Summary of Multi-Disk Configurations

To provide the best disk performance Serena recommends the following.

Windows Microsoft SQL Server, four disks

Disk1 Windows System disk
Disk2 Page and swap file
Disk3 User files

Disk4 Database files only (RDBMS)

 With Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise on Windows or UNIX, five disks:

Disk1 UNIX or Windows System disk

Disk2 Page and swap file

Disk3 User files

Disk4 Database files only (RDBMS)

Disk5 Redo log files (RDBMS), if applicable

#### **Detailed Multi-Disk Configurations**

The tables below shows recommend disk usage in a number of configurations. The goal is to balance the load across all available disks.

Windows Microsoft SQL Server RDBMS.

	One Disk	Two Disks	Three Disks	Four Disks
System Disk	D1	D1	D1	D1
Page and Swap files	D1	D1	D3	D3
User files	D1	D2	D2	D2
Database files	D1	D2	D3	D2

	One Disk	Two Disks	Three Disks	Four Disks	
Dimensions CM Programs	D1	D1	Any	Anywhere	
Item Libraries	D1	D2	Not D1	but the System	
Database programs	D1	D1	Any	Disk	

■ UNIX or Windows Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise RDBMS

	One Disk	Two Disks	Three Disks	Four Disks	Five Disks
System Disk	D1	D1	D1	D1	D1
Page and Swap files	D1	D1	D3	D3	D3
User files	D1	D2	D2	D2	D2
Database files	D1	D2	D2	D2	D5
Redo log files	D1	D1	D3	D4	D4
Dimensions CM Programs	D1	D1	Any	Anywhere but the System Disk	
Item Libraries	D1	D2	Not D1		
Database programs	D1	D1	Any		

The database files are associated with separate tablespaces PCMS\_TEMP, PCMS\_RBS, PCMS\_DATA, and PCMS\_IDX.

### **Item Library Host Performance**

Item libraries should be hosted on nodes that can handle the load and that are local to the users that most often require access to them.

### **Working with NFS Networked Disks**

**IMPORTANT!** If the Dimensions CM installation is on a UNIX NFS network and it is *not* intended to use a Dimensions CM network, the NFS disks must be UNIX mounted with root setuid access permitted.

#### **Granting Root Access to NFS**

A UNIX NFS (Network File System) does not allow root access from any other system unless it is specifically enabled; however, enabling root access for NFS client systems may be an unacceptable security risk on some servers. If the Dimensions CM listener nodes hosting the item libraries will be granted root access to the NFS, this access must be enabled on the Dimensions CM server's disk as the client systems are running 'setuid to root'. The NFS server disk must be mounted with the 'suid' option set or the 'nosuid' option not set (for example, in /etc/vfstab for SUN or /etc/checklist for HP).

#### **Assigning Socket Numbers**

You must assign numbers to the Oracle listener (used by Oracle NET8) and various Dimensions CM network sockets on the server as well as on any clients. Add the following socket assignments to the file /etc/services on each Dimensions CM physical node:

```
pcms_replicator 2091/tcp
pcms_sdp 671/tcp
```

#### Check the following:

- All nodes two which the Dimensions CM network is installed have the same socket number. If you have Network Information Service (NIS) running on your system, you can make this change to the central services file and then perform a make instead of making this change on all nodes under NIS.
- Root access is established in /etc/exports on the server.

#### Enabling the Root User to Start and Stop the Listener

If all client systems use a common Dimensions CM server on an NFS disk, the root user from each client accesses the server. In such an environment, always use the root user to start Dimensions CM listener node from client systems—do not use dmsys (the user that owns the Dimensions CM files).

To allow the user root to start and stop a Dimensions CM listener node, run the following commands on each client as the user dmsys:

```
chmod 755 $DM_LICENSE/license
chmod 4500 $DM PROG/dmstartup $DM PROG/dmshutdown
```

This sets setuid so that when the system is booting root performs the Dimensions CM listener node start up and changes uid to the dmsys user.

### **Client Pre-Installation Tasks**

### **Network Software Prerequisites**

You must install TCP/IP before installing clients. Without TCP/IP, Dimensions CM will not function.

### Java Plug-In for Browser Client

The web tools include a Java runtime that is silently installed as part of the installation. You must also ensure that the browser has a Java plugin. You can download a Java plug-in from the Java Web site at:

http://java.com/

Please consult the Dimensions CM readme file to check which versions of Java runtime are supported before downloading and installing the software.

### **Eclipse Integration Prerequisites**

**NOTE** The Eclipse integration is optional. To install it download the appropriate zip file from the Serena Support web site, extract the contents, and run the installer.

To install the Dimensions CM Eclipse integration Eclipse must be installed on the target platform.

### **General OS Requirements**

**CAUTION!** Certain UNIX system parameters may need to be modified and certain OS patches may need to be applied for your particular hardware platform. Failure to meet these requirements might cause the installation to fail.

### **Disk Space Requirements**

Installation disk space requirement: 500MB

If you install Serena Deployment Automation another 40MB is required.

 Temporary working space requirement (verified by the installer): 900MB

Location: /tmp/istempXXXXXX

You may safely remove this folder post-installation.

The temporary folder /tmp/serena\_ra\_agent\_install (generated while an SDA agent is installed) may also be removed.

Software inventory information is less than 4MB and is written to:

/var/opt/serena

### C++ Runtime Library Versions

Ensure that you have the latest compatible C++ runtime libraries for the Dimensions CM executables to run correctly. This is normally the case for a newly installed OS but may not be after an upgrade. Consult the OS vendor if you need to obtain the correct versions.

#### **OS Patches**

On the Dimensions CM UNIX platforms, Dimensions CM has only been tested for use if the operating system patches (if any) identified in the readme file have been applied. If these operating systems are not at the identified patch level, the Dimensions CM installation may fail—consult your UNIX System Administrator if you need further assistance.

**NOTE** Platform manufacturers routinely update and renumber their patches. Your platform manufacturer's Customer Service Representative will have the latest patch information.

### **Increasing the Open File Descriptors Limit**

For each client session the Dimensions CM Pool Manager typically consumes a total of 10 file descriptors. Therefore, to enable your Dimensions CM server to serve a maximum of N user sessions, your OS needs to allow for a maximum of 10\*N file descriptors to be open by a single process. To set and modify the current maximum limit on the number of open file descriptors, contact your UNIX system administrator. For example, on Solaris, the command ulimit -n displays the current limit. To modify the limit, edit /etc/system and add the line:

This sets the maximum limit to 4096 and enables Dimensions CM to serve over 400 users.

Please consult your UNIX documentation for other flavors of UNIX.

### **Linux Requirements**

#### SuSE Linux Enterprise Server

Perform a software update from the YAST2 control center software options.

#### Red Hat Enterprise Linux

Perform a software update using the Update Agent (up2date).

#### Prerequisites for Linux 64-bit

The pre-requisites for installing a Dimensions CM server and agent on Linux 64-bit are:

- Open Motif
- C & C++ 32-bit and 64-bit O/S libraries (for compatibility)

### **System Parameters**

#### ulimit

If you have a UNIX system other than one originally based on BSD UNIX, please ensure that the UNIX system parameter ulimit (which defines the maximum size of any file) is set to a value that are sufficient to allow the creation of large RDBMS database files.

#### uname

Ensure that the search path for user root includes the location of the program uname.

### **Memory and Swapping**

Memory and swapping are key factors that Dimensions CM performance is dependent upon. Memory requirements for Dimensions CM are detailed in the *Scaling and Optimization Guide*.

### **Support for Large Files**

Support for files up to 4GB in size is available—see the pcms\_i tem\_data published view in the *Reports Guide* for details.

### **Reinstalling CM**

If you re-install CM on a Sun Solaris, an IBM AIX, or a Linux system you must first ensure that the files under the following directory have been deleted.

/var/opt/serena/

Failure to do this may cause your installation to terminate with an error condition.

### **HP-UX 11 Filesystem Modification**

Dimensions CM requires the file system to support filenames greater than 14 characters in length. If your file system does not already support such filename lengths, you are required to convert the file system to long file names using the utility *convertfs(1)* before installing Dimensions.

# Chapter 3

# **Preparing a Database**

Local Serena Runtime	36
Local Oracle Enterprise	36
Remote Serena Runtime	46
Remote Oracle Enterprise	47
Dimensions CM and RM Data	49

### **Local Serena Runtime**

Before installing a server on the same node as a Serena Runtime:

- 1 Create a PCMS\_SYS Oracle account if it does not already exist. This is the same as for users with their own Oracle Enterprise, see page 40.
- **2** Copy the Oracle network configuration files to the directory /etc.
  - If the Oracle configuration files do not already exist in /etc, copy the file <code>\$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin/tnsnames.ora</code> to /etc.
  - If this file already exists in /etc, merge the contents of \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin/tnsnames.ora with /etc/tnsnames.ora (see page 47).

If your Serena Runtime database already contains an Oracle instance into which a schema has been installed, the server installation will detect and automatically upgrade that schema and install the requisite Oracle tables.

### **Local Oracle Enterprise**

Allocate at least 1GB of memory as the Oracle System Global Area (SGA) target size. Oracle recommends allocating 40-50% of available memory for the SGA.

**IMPORTANT!** Dimensions CM does not support Oracle 12c Enterprise container databases (also known as pluggable databases).

# Oracle Instance with a Previous Dimensions Schema

If your Oracle Enterprise database already contains an Oracle instance with a previous schema, the server installer detects and upgrades the schema.

## **Creating the Dimensions CM Oracle Instance**

Before you can install Dimensions CM with your own Oracle Enterprise you must create an Oracle instance for the Dimensions CM schema.

#### Creating a Fresh Oracle Instance

To create a fresh instance in your Oracle Enterprise database, install the Serena-supplied template file and run the Oracle Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA) using the template file to create an instance.

**1** Copy the database template file from:

db preinstall/oracle/unix

to:

**\$ORACLE HOME**/assistants/dbca/templates

The template files are:

- 11gR2.0.3: SerenaOracle11g.dbt
- 12.1.0.1: SerenaOracle12c.dbt
- 12c: SerenaOracle12102.dbt
- **2** Open the Oracle Database Configuration Assistant:

```
cd $ORACLE_HOME/
./bin/dbca
```

**NOTE**: The instructions below are applicable to the version of DBCA in Oracle 12c.

- **3** On the Database Operation page select **Create Database**.
- 4 On the Creation Mode page select **Advanced Mode**.
- **5** On the Database Template page select a Serena Oracle template.
- **6** On the Database Identification page enter the Global Database Name and the Oracle SID (Oracle System ID). The former is limited to eight characters the first of which must be alphabetic. If the Oracle SID is eight characters or less you can assign the same name to both fields.

- 7 On the Management Options page specify options for managing the database.
- **8** On the Database Credentials page specify passwords for the user accounts. Set the passwords in accordance with your site policies and log the values for future reference.
- **9** On the Network Configuration page select a current Oracle listener or create a new one.
- **10** On the Storage Locations page:
  - Select the storage type and locations for database files. From the Database files Storage Type list select File System.
  - Accept the defaults for the common location of all database files or specify values supplied by your DBA.
  - Accept the default database recovery options and deselect
     Specify Fast Recovery Area or specify values supplied by your DBA.
- 11 On the Database Options page optionally select database components, sample schemas, and custom scripts.
- On the Initialization Parameters page accept the default values for Memory, Sizing, Character Sets, and Connection Mode or specify values supplied by your DBA.
- **13** On the Create Options page check that **Create Database** is selected.
- **14** On the Prerequisite Checks page check the database validation results and any warnings.
- **15** On the Summary page review the settings and click **Finish** to create the database instance.

#### Verify the Connection to the Instance

After the instance is created verify the connection:

- **1** Open a command prompt.
- 2 Enter:

sqlplus system/<password>@<ora\_instance>
Check the output confirms that you have successfully connected.

3 Exit sqlplus.

#### Logging the Creation of an Oracle Instance

It is good practice to keep a log of the creation of the Oracle instance using the UNIX command script. Remember to exit from the log session after the pre-installation or installation.

Connect, resource, and create view privileges.

#### Monitoring the Creation of an Oracle Instance

During the Oracle instance creation the Oracle template file is checked for integrity. This check will take a long time to complete. Fast completion of this check may indicate that instance creation has failed, regardless of any "success" messages you may receive. The checks detailed on page 41 will fail in such circumstances. You must check the logs that Oracle generates in \$ORACLE\_HOME/cfgtoollogs/dbca/<ora\_sid> (especially <ora\_sid>.log) or ask your DBA.

Once instance creation is complete, stop logging the installation using script (if applicable), exit, and proceed to the next section.

### **Verifying the Oracle User**

For Dimensions CM to successfully install with a UNIX Oracle RDBMS, the Oracle user PCM\_SYS must exist.

1 Check if PCMS SYS exists:

```
$ sqlplus system/<system_passwd>@<dsn>
SQL> select * from all_users where
    username='PCMS SYS';
```

If user PCMS\_SYS exists a confirmation is displayed with the date it was created.

2 If PCMS SYS does not exist create it:

```
$ sqlplus /nolog
$ SQL> connect / as sysdba
$ SQL> create user pcms sys identified by
    <pcms_sys_password> default tablespace PCMS DATA
    temporary tablespace PCMS TEMP;
$ SQL> grant connect, resource, create view to
    pcms sys;
$ SQL> commit;
$ SQL> exit:
For example:
$ sqlplus /nolog
$ SQL> connect / as sysdba
$ SQL> create user pcms_sys identified by pcms_sys
    default tablespace PCMS DATA temporary tablespace
    PCMS TEMP;
$ SQL> grant connect, resource, create view to
    pcms_sys;
$ SQL> commit;
$ SQL> exit:
```

The *pcms\_sys* user needs additional access rights for Oracle12c. Use the following sqlplus command to create the user:

create user pcms\_sys identified by pcms\_sys default
 tablespace PCMS\_DATA temporary tablespace PCMS\_TEMP
 QUOTA UNLIMITED ON PCMS\_DATA QUOTA UNLIMITED ON
 PCMS IDX;

## **Preparing the Oracle Environment**

After you have created an Oracle instance for the Dimensions CM schema installation you need to ensure that your Oracle environment is ready for the installation.

#### **Checking Oracle Services**

A number of services as well as the Oracle listener should display. The services appear as follows:

```
ora_ckpt_<orasid> ora_dbw0_<orasid> ora_lgwr_<orasid> ora_pmon_<orasid> ora_psp0_<orasid> ora_mman_<orasid> ora_mmon_<orasid> ora_mmon_<orasid> ora_q000_<orasid> ora_q001_<orasid> ora_qmnc_<orasid> ora_gmnc_<orasid> ora_gmnc_<orasid> ora_gmnc_<orasid> ora_gmnc_<orasid> ora_reco_<orasid> ora_smon_<orasid> ora_smon_<orasid>
```

where <orasid> is the Oracle SID (System Identifier) supplied by the installer.

The Oracle listener appears as follows:

```
tnslsnr LISTENER
```

If the services and the listener do not appear you must manually start them.

#### Manually Starting Oracle Services

After you have installed a server run the following to start the Oracle services for the Serena Runtime:

```
dm control rdbms start
```

If you have rebooted your system prior to performing an installation you must manually restart the Oracle services as detailed below. In this example Oracle Enterprise version 12c is installed in /opt/oracle/12.0 and the Oracle SID is dim14.

- 1 Login as the Oracle owner (by default UNIX user-id oracle). Do not try and start the Oracle services as UNIX user root.
- 2 Set up the Oracle environment and specify the ORACLE\_HOME that is specific to your installation.
  - Bourne and K shells:

```
dmsys]$ cd /opt/oracle/12.0/bin
$ . ./oraenv
ORACLE SID = [oracle] ? dim14
```

C shell

```
dmsys]$ cd /opt/oracle/12.0/bin
$ . .source coraenv
ORACLE SID = [oracle] ? dim14
```

**3** Start the Oracle services:

```
$ sqlplus /nolog
SQL> connect / as sysdba
SQL> shutdown
SQL> startup
SQL> exit
```

**4** Confirm that the Oracle services have started:

```
ps -eaf | grep ora
```

#### Starting the Listener on an Oracle Enterprise

- Login as the Oracle owner (by default UNIX user-id oracle). Do not try and start the Oracle services as UNIX user root. Set up your Oracle environment as described above.
- 2 Check that the file /etc/tnsnames.ora (on Solaris, /var/opt/oracle/tnsnames.ora) has been updated with the new Oracle service name (DIM14 by default). If not, manually edit it using the following file as a template:

```
$ORACLE HOME/network/admin/tnsnames.ora
```

**3** Start the Oracle listener with the following command:

```
lsnrctl start
```

**4** Check for the existence of any listener services with the following command:

```
LSNRCTL > services
```

The services summary displays information for the new instance.

**5** If the listener is not running or has not been updated with the new Oracle Service name run the commands below.

**NOTE**: If you are running multiple Oracle instances on the database server you must manually update the file /etc/listener.ora (on Solaris, /var/opt/oracle/

listener.ora) with the new service name before restarting the listener.

```
LSNRCTL > stop
LSNRCTL > start
LSNRCTL > services
LSNRCTL > exit
```

**6** Check that the listener has started:

```
ps -eaf | grep tnslsnr
```

7 To check that you are ready to install enter the following command. (If you are not installing as Oracle user SYSTEM change the command appropriately):

```
$ sqlplus system/<system_password>@<dsn_name>
```

for example:

\$ sqlplus system/manager@dim14

This command connects to the instance that is used by Dimensions and results in a SQL> prompt.

8 Exit sqlplus.

## **Using an Existing Oracle Instance**

To use an existing instance for the Dimensions CM schema manually install the following Oracle tablespaces:

```
PCMS_DATA
PCMS_IDX
PCMS_TEMP
PCMS_RBS
USERS
```

**NOTE** The Oracle database also requires the creation of either an UNDO tablespace or a table space dedicated to rollback segments (for example, PCMS RBS).

- 1 Connect to the Oracle instance into which you are installing the Dimensions CM schema by entering the following command. (If you are not installing as Oracle user SYSTEM change the command appropriately):
  - \$ sqlplus system/<system\_password>@<dsn\_name>

This connects to the instance that is used by Dimensions CM and results in the SQL> prompt.

- 2 Create Oracle tablespaces with the minimum sizes indicated below using the following sqlplus commands (substituting the directory pathnames appropriate to your system and sizes appropriate to PCMS\_TEMP on your system):
  - SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE "PCMS\_DATA" DATAFILE
     '/opt/Oracle/Database/PCMS\_DATA.DBF' SIZE 1000M
    AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 160M MAXSIZE 65535M EXTENT
     MANAGEMENT LOCAL;
  - SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE "PCMS\_IDX" DATAFILE
     '/opt/Oracle/Database/PCMS\_IDX.DBF' SIZE 1000M
     AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 160M MAXSIZE 65535M EXTENT

#### MANAGEMENT LOCAL;

- SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE "USERS" DATAFILE
   '/opt/Oracle/Database/USERS.DBF' SIZE 100M
   AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 160M MAXSIZE 2048M EXTENT
   MANAGEMENT LOCAL;
- SQL> CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE "PCMS\_TEMP" TEMPFILE 
  '/opt/Oracle/Database/PCMS\_TEMP.DBF' SIZE 200M 
  AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 160M MAXSIZE 2048M EXTENT 
  MANAGEMENT LOCAL;

The command below and those in the following step are only applicable if you are using rollback segments rather than automatically managed UNDO tablespaces.

- SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE "PCMS\_RBS" DATAFILE
   '/opt/Oracle/Database/PCMS\_RBS.DBF' SIZE 160M
   REUSE;
- **3** Create the following rollback segments:
  - SQL >CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT "RO" TABLESPACE "SYSTEM" STORAGE ( INITIAL 20K NEXT 20K OPTIMAL NULL MINEXTENTS 2 MAXEXTENTS 20);
  - SQL> ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT "RO" ONLINE;
  - SQL> CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R01" TABLESPACE
    "PCMS\_RBS" STORAGE ( INITIAL 1024K NEXT 1024K
    OPTIMAL 2048K MINEXTENTS 2 MAXEXTENTS 121);
  - SQL> ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R01" ONLINE;
  - SQL> CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R02" TABLESPACE
    "PCMS\_RBS" STORAGE ( INITIAL 1024K NEXT 1024K
    OPTIMAL 2048K MINEXTENTS 2 MAXEXTENTS 121);
  - SQL> ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R02" ONLINE;
  - SQL> CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R03" TABLESPACE
    "PCMS\_RBS" STORAGE ( INITIAL 1024K NEXT 1024K
    OPTIMAL 2048K MINEXTENTS 2 MAXEXTENTS 121);
  - SQL> ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R03" ONLINE;
  - SQL> CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R04" TABLESPACE

    "PCMS\_RBS" STORAGE ( INITIAL 1024K NEXT 1024K

    OPTIMAL 2048K MINEXTENTS 2 MAXEXTENTS 121);
  - SQL> ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT "R04" ONLINE;
- **4** Exit sqlplus.

## **Remote Serena Runtime**

You can install the Dimensions CM server on the local node while installing the schema on a remote Serena Runtime. This allows Dimensions CM users on a local node to use a remote Serena Runtime on Windows or UNIX.

To use a remote Serena Runtime you must set up an Oracle client on the local node that will perform database service operations. The client can be an installation of the UNIX Serena Runtime without database instance creation.

Oracle instances are installed and configured differently on a Windows and UNIX Serena Runtime. If you are going to install Dimensions CM on Windows with Oracle on a remote UNIX Serena Runtime ensure that a pcms\_sys Oracle user *does not* exist on the Windows client Oracle RDBMS. The client must not be an Oracle RD DBMS to which Dimensions CM has been installed in the past.

After setting up a client Serena Runtime installation you must set up a local Oracle Net Service Name for the remote Serena Runtime, see page 47.

## **Remote Oracle Enterprise**

Allocate at least 1GB of memory as the Oracle System Global Area (SGA) target size. Oracle recommends allocating 40-50% of available memory for the SGA.

**IMPORTANT!** Dimensions CM does not support Oracle 12c Enterprise container databases (also known as pluggable databases).

### Introduction

You can install Dimensions CM on a local node and the schema on a remote Oracle Enterprise. This allows CM users on a local node to use a remote Oracle Enterprise RDBMS on Windows or UNIX. To use a remote Oracle first set up an Oracle client on the local node. The Oracle client can be:

- An Oracle-supplied UNIX client installation.
- An Oracle-supplied UNIX instant client installation.
- A full Oracle-supplied UNIX installation. This is more than is required to set up this scenario.

After setting up a client Serena Runtime installation you must set up a local Oracle Net Service Name for the remote Serena Runtime, see below.

## **Setting Up a Local Oracle Net Service Name**

In a Dimensions CM for UNIX server installation with a remote Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise database, you are prompted for the Oracle Net Service Name. This is the name that the local Oracle client uses to identify particular Oracle databases on the network. On your local UNIX node you must define the Net Service Name of the remote Oracle database. Edit tnsnames.ora or use the Oracle Net Configuration Assistant as explained below.

#### Adding a Net Service Name

- 1 Login as the owner of the Oracle installation (usually oracle).
- **2** Navigate to: \$ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin

- 3 Open tnsnames.ora in text editor.
- **4** Using existing entries as a template, add a Net Service Name, for example:

In the above example, a Net Service Name of DIM14R has been given to the Oracle located on the remote node iddvm that has an Oracle SID of DIM14.

#### Running the Oracle Net Configuration Assistant Tool

- **1** Login as the owner of the Oracle installation (usually oracle).
- 2 Navigate to: \$ORACLE\_HOME/bin
- **3** Execute the file netca.
- 4 Select Local Net Service Name configuration and click Next.
- 5 Select Add and click Next.
- **6** Each database or service has a service name. Normally this is its SID. Enter the SID of the *remote* database you want the *local* Oracle client to communicate with. Click **Next**.
- 7 Select TCP and click Next.
- **8** To communicate with the remote database, the local database must know the remote database's hostname. Enter the remote database's hostname. In most cases you can also accept the standard port number of 1521. Click **Next**.
- 9 Select Yes, perform a test to verify that the remote database can be reached. Click Next.
- **10** If the test is successful the following message appears:

```
Connecting... Test successful.
```

If the test fails click **Back** and check that the information you provided is correct and update until this test is successful.

Click Next.

- 11 Assign an Oracle Net Service Name. This is the name that your *local* database uses to identify the *remote* database. The **Net Service**Name field is pre-populated with the service name you provided. If that name is not unique—for example, both the local and remote databases have an Oracle SID of DIM14—enter a unique net service name (for example, DIM14R). Click **Next**.
- 12 Unless you want to configure another net service name, accept the default No and click Next.
- 13 Click Next and click Finish.

## **Dimensions CM and RM Data**

If you are using separate instances in the same remote Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise for Dimensions CM and Dimensions RM, consider the following:

- The minimum supported versions of Oracle for Dimensions CM and RM may differ.
- Dimensions RM supports the Oracle AL32UTF8 character set, however all data entered must be ASCII characters for Dimensions RM to display it correctly. If you using Dimensions RM to access data entered in a Dimensions CM AL32UTF8 database, that CM data must also be entered as ASCII. This is particularly important for Dimensions CM project/stream and product names.

## Chapter 4

# **Installing Dimensions CM**

Installation Options	52
Launching the Installer from a DVD	53
Launching the Installer from a Download	54
Installing all Server Components	55
Installing a UNIX Server Only	62
Installing a Schema Only	68
Installing an SSO Server and Smart Card	71
Installing a UNIX Agent	73
Installing a UNIX Client	77
Installing Dimensions CM for Eclipse	78
Installing Dimensions Make	81
Using Console Mode	83

## **Installation Options**

Installation Option	Components	See
Server and components	■ Server core files	page 55
	<ul> <li>Local or remote schema</li> </ul>	
	■ Serena Common Tools	
	■ Single Sign On (SSO) server	
	<ul> <li>Smart card authentication</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Serena Deployment Automation (SDA) server that enables you to publish and deploy artifacts</li> </ul>	
Server only	Server only without a schema	page 62
CM schema only	CM schema only in an existing CM server	page 68
New SSO server	New SSO server, with or without smart card, in an existing CM installation	page 71
Connect to an SSO server	Connect a CM server to an existing SSO server with or without smart card	page 71
Agent	■ Agent	page 73
	<ul> <li>Serena Deployment Automation</li> </ul>	
Client	Web client	page 77
Eclipse integration	Dimensions CM for Eclipse integration	page 78
Dimensions Make	Dimensions Make for UNIX	page 81

## Launching the Installer from a DVD

### Mounting a DVD

If you are installing from a DVD, or copying its contents to a local disk, first mount the DVD.

- **1** Log into the root account.
- 2 Mount the DVD using a drive located on your system or through NFS. The DVDs are in ISO 9660 format (with Rock Ridge information)
  - IBM AIX

Mount the DVD at the mount point, for example:

```
# mount -rv cdrfs /dev/cd0 /cdrom
```

Hewlett Packard HP-UX

If your system uses the Portable File system (pfsd(1M) and pfs\_mountd(1M) daemons are running), then mount the DVD, for example:

```
# pfs_mount -t iso9660 -x unix /dev/cdrom /cdrom
otherwise
```

```
# mount -r -F cdfs -o cdcase /dev/cdrom /cdrom
```

Red Hat Enterprise Linux and SuSE Linux Enterprise Server

If your system uses autofs and is configured correctly it will automatically mount your DVD drive.

If your system uses autofs but it is not configured, search the /etc/fstab file for a line similar to:

/dev/cdrom /media/cdrom auto ro,noauto,user,exec 0 0

Then mount the DVD using the following command:

\$ mount /dev/cdrom

If your system does not use autofs, enter the following command:

\$ mount -t iso9660 /dev/cdrom /media/cdrom

Sun Sparc

If your system uses Volume Management to automount DVDs (vold(1M) daemon are running), then the DVD will automount.

Otherwise mount the DVD at the mount point, for example:

# mount -r -F hsfs /dev/sr0 /cdrom

## Launching the HTML Front End

- 1 Run index.html on the mounted DVD or in the directory containing the copied contents of the DVD.
- 2 In the **If you are ready to install** section, click **Click here >>** to access the **Ready to install** page.
- 3 Copy the appropriate executable path name under **Dimensions for UNIX** (for example, dimensions\_cm/dimensions\_AIX64/setupDimensionsAIX64.bin). In a terminal window, paste the path name to run the executable.

## Launching the Installer from a Download

- **1** Download the software from Serena Support.
- 2 To unpack a tar file run the following command:

tar xvf <filename>.tar

#### NOTE

- To unpack a Solaris tar file use gtar.
- If your UNIX system has an X11 windowing environment the installer installs the JRE and runs in a graphical user interface (GUI) mode. No pre-installed JRE is required.
- If your UNIX system is a VT100/dumb terminal system you can specify -console when you initiate the installer so that the launcher runs in character user interface (CUI) mode. This CUI mode is completely analogous to the GUI mode. For details see page 83.

## **Running the Installer**

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Navigate to and run the extracted file for your platform:
  - GUI mode: # ./setupDimensions<platform>.bin
  - CUI mode: # ./setupDimensions<platform>.bin -console
     # ./setupDimensions<PLATFORM>.bin

In GUI mode the associated JRE is installed, which may take some time. After the JRE is installed the installer resumes.

## **Installing all Server Components**

### **Remote Schema Requirements**

Your environment may require a schema to be installed on a remote database rather than the local node. For example, users on a local node want to use a remotely administered database. A remote database can also be on a Windows machine, for details see page 56.

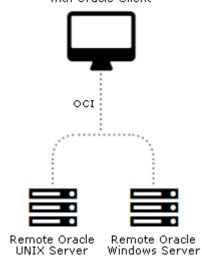
To use a remote database, a client must be set up on the local node to perform database operations between the local server and the remote database. The client can be any of the following:

- A Serena Runtime with or without database instance creation.
- An Oracle client.
- An Oracle instant client.
- A full Oracle Enterprise installation.

Multiple database connectivity mechanisms are supported. The diagram below shows the connectivity supported by a UNIX Oracle and Serena Runtime. An Oracle client can connect to either a Windows or a UNIX remote RDBMS server.

#### Remote Database Connectivity

Local Dimensions CM UNIX Server with Oracle Client



## Installing the Database Remotely on a Different Platform

Oracle instances are installed and configured differently on Windows and UNIX. If you plan to install Dimensions CM on a UNIX system and create an Oracle instance on a remote Windows Serena Runtime, before installing check that a pcms\_sys Oracle user exists on the UNIX client Oracle RDBMS. For details about checking and/or creating this user see page 40.

# SSO and Smart Card Limitations and Requirements

- Currently the only smart card client reader supported is the Common Access Card (CAC), a United States Department of Defense (DoD) smart card issued as standard identification for logging in to DoD hosted software.
- Smart card authentication is only supported on Linux and Solaris.
- Installing or configuring an SSO server requires specific Light Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) parameters. For details see page 23.
- See the SSO and smart card pre-requisites on page 22.

## **Installing a Server**

**IMPORTANT!** Your RDBMS must be running before you start the installation.

- **1** Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Select **New Install** and then **Server**.
- 3 Select Install All Dimensions CM Server Components.

This option installs a server, schema, CM client, and SSO server with or without smart card.

- **4** Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.
- **5** Select these installation components:
  - Server Core Files

Installs the server.

CM Schema

Installs the CM schema into the database.

(Optional) Single Sign On (Required for Smart Cards)

Installs, or configures a connection to, an SSO server. Only required when using other Serena products in collaboration with Dimensions CM or for smart card authentication support.

#### (Optional) Smart Card Setup

Configures remote Windows smart card client software and hardware authentication.

#### • Common Tools

Selected by default (required by the server).

#### • (Optional) **Deployment Automation Server**

Installs an SDA server.

**IMPORTANT!** You *must not* install SDA into a Serena supplied runtime.

**NOTE**: For details about separating the database upgrade, or migration operations, from the server installation contact Serena Support.

#### **6** Select a licensing option:

#### Specify License Server

Enter the host name or IP address of a system running an existing Serena License Server. See the *System Administration Guide* for information.

#### Install a 30 day evaluation license

- **7** Enter the OS account name and password for the Dimensions CM system administrator. Default: dmsys
- **8** Select a database:
  - **Local**: use an Oracle located on the local machine.
  - **Remote**: use an Oracle located on a remote machine.
- 9 Select an Oracle version.
- **10** Select the directory or path where Oracle is installed.
- **11** Enter the owner of the Oracle files. If you are connecting to:
  - A local database enter the user on the local machine.
  - A remote database enter the user on the *remote* machine.

Default: oracle

**12** Enter the following Oracle system information:

- Hostname of the machine where Oracle is installed.
- System ID (SID), for example: dim14
- NET8 Service Name, for example: dim14
- TCP /IP Port number: a local or remote Oracle instance. Default: 1521

SID and NET8 Service name are normally the same. You must enter these correctly or the installation will not function properly.

- **13** Enter the following Oracle values:
  - Oracle administration user. Default: system
  - Password for the administration user. Default: manager
  - Password for the PCMS\_SYS schema that was created for the Oracle instance. Default: pcms sys

#### **NOTES**

- Values are case-sensitive.
- If you are installing on a Linux server that has a 32-bit RDBMS a message may appear. These servers are native 64-bit and cannot be used with a 32-bit RDBMS. The installer will automatically install a 64-bit Oracle Instant Client.
- **14** Select a demo process model, for details see page 19.
- **15** Specify the operating system ID of the tool manager for the demo process model. Default: dmsys

Specify credentials for the work and deployment areas:

#### Area Owner ID

Accept the default (dmsys) or enter a login ID. This user will be set by default as the system administrator login ID.

#### Password

Enter the password for the area owner.

Accept the default directory for the demo process model areas or select a different one.

After installation you must assign operating system accounts to the users in the sample process model, for details see page 19.

- **16** Configure the installation of an SDA server:
  - Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.
  - (Optional if SDA is already installed) Select Use existing settings
  - (Optional) Select Skip database creation
  - Specify the port number that Deployment Automation agents will use to make Java Message Service (JMS) connections to the server.
  - Select **Client Mutual Authentication** if you want Deployment Automation to use agent authentication when connecting to the server.
  - Specify a username and password for a new Deployment Automation database account that will be created.

For details about installing and using SDA go to the Serena Support web site or the Serena Documentation Center.

- 17 Enter the host name of the Dimensions CM server.
- **18** Select an SSO server installation option:
  - New: install a new SSO server.
  - **Existing**: configure a connection to an existing SSO server, for example, Serena Business Manager (SBM).
- **19** To configure SSO and smart card do one of the following:
  - For an existing SSO server

Specify the SSO server's hostname and port.

Optionally select a secure *https* connection.

For a new SSO server without smart card

To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

#### Defaults:

- Port: 389
- Search Filter: (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0}))

For details about server SSO parameters see page 24.

- For a new SSO server with smart card
  - To configure the LDAP connection for authenticating smart cards enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Bind User DN, and Password.

Default port: 389

 To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

```
Search Filter default:
(&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0})).
```

For information about server SSO and smart card parameters see page 24.

After installation is complete manually configure the smart card trusted certificate authorities. For details see page 101.

**20** Specify the operating system user who will own and run Tomcat and Java. This user is typically given restricted permissions and must exist before you start the installation.

Default: dmsys

- Accept the default port number for the Tomcat server (8080) or enter a different one if it is in use. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned (see page 20).
- **22** Review the settings and click **Install**. The installer:
  - Creates uninstaller files in the directory \_uninst\_maint located one level up from the root directory. A record of the installed products is created in /var/opt/serena/inventory. To uninstall you must use the uninstaller files in the \_uninst\_maint directory to ensure that the inventory is correctly updated. See page 159 for details.
  - Creates the Oracle tablespaces and sample process model. This may take a long time.
  - Installs the Common Tools (Tomcat server, web client, and administration console).

When installation is complete click **Finish**.

## **Installing a UNIX Server Only**

### **Overview**

Your environment may require a local UNIX server without an Oracle schema, for example:

- There is already a local Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise with the schema. This is a binary only install.
- You do not want to install any of the process model demo products.
- You want to a install a local server, with a local Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise RDBMS but without a schema, to communicate with a remote Windows or UNIX database.

A locally installed server is similar to an agent installation as it provides listener services and the dmcli command client. Common Tools are also installed. You may want to do this:

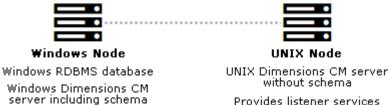
- When the users on the local node do not have operating-system accounts on the remote database server.
- To balance loads across both the local node and the remote database server node, as illustrated below.

#### Server Load Sharing Scenarios



UNIX RDBMS database UNIX Dimensions CM server with schema UNIX Dimensions CM server without schema Provides listener services and can host Dimensions CM item libraries

and can host Dimensions



CM item libraries

A remote database server is an RDBMS with a Dimensions CM schema installed. To enable network connections between the nodes the remote

installed. To enable network connections between the nodes the remote database server must be running the TNS listener. You may also need to set up an Oracle Net Service Name on the local node to access the Oracle database server. For details see page 47.

## **Installing Server Only**

- **1** Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- Select New Install.
- 3 Select Server.
- 4 Select Install All Dimensions CM Server Components.
- **5** Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.

#### **6** Select these installation components:

#### Server Core Files

Installs the server.

(Optional) Single Sign On (Required for Smart Cards)

Installs, or configures a connection to, an SSO server. Only required when using other Serena products in collaboration with Dimensions CM or for smart card authentication support.

• (Optional) Smart Card Setup

Configures remote Windows smart card client software and hardware authentication.

#### • Common Tools

Selected by default (required by the server).

• (Optional) Deployment Automation Server

Installs an SDA server.

**IMPORTANT!** You *must not* install SDA into a Serena supplied runtime.

#### **NOTES**

- You cannot install a client or agent when installing a server.
- For details about separating the database upgrade, or migration operations, from the server installation contact Serena Support.
- **7** Select one of the following:
  - Specify License Server

Enter the host name or IP address of a system running an existing Serena License Server. See the *System Administration Guide* for information.

- Install a 30 day evaluation license
- **8** Enter the OS account name and password for the Dimensions CM system administrator. Default: dmsys

- 9 If you are installing an SDA server:
  - Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.
  - (Optional if SDA is already installed) Select Use existing settings
  - (Optional) Select Skip database creation
  - Specify the port number that Deployment Automation agents will use to make Java Message Service (JMS) connections to the server.
  - Select **Client Mutual Authentication** if you want Deployment Automation to use agent authentication when connecting to the server.
  - Specify a username and password for a new Deployment Automation database account that will be created.

For details about installing and using SDA go to the Serena Support web site or the Serena Documentation Center.

- **10** If you are installing an SSO server select one of the following:
  - New: install a new SSO server.
  - **Existing**: configure a connection to an existing SSO server, for example, Serena Business Manager (SBM).
- **11** If you are installing an SSO server and smart card do one of the following:
  - For an existing SSO server

Specify the SSO server's hostname and port.

Optionally select a secure https connection.

For a new SSO server without smart card

To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

#### Defaults:

- Port: 389
- Search Filter: (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0}))

For details about server SSO parameters see page 24.

- For a new SSO server with smart card
  - To configure the LDAP connection for authenticating smart cards enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Bind User DN, and Password.

Default port: 389

 To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

```
Search Filter default:
  (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0})).
```

For information about server SSO and smart card parameters see page 24.

After installation is complete manually configure the smart card trusted certificate authorities. For details see page 101.

- **12** Enter the host name of the Dimensions CM server.
- 13 Specify the operating system user who will own and run Tomcat and Java. This user is typically given restricted permissions and must exist before you start the installation.

Default: dmsys

- 14 Accept the default port number for the Tomcat server (8080) or enter a different one if it is already in use. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned (see page 20).
- **15** Review the settings and click **Install**. The installer:
  - Creates uninstaller files in the directory \_uninst\_maint located one level up from the root directory. A record of the installed products is created in /var/opt/serena/inventory. To uninstall you must use the uninstaller files in the \_uninst\_maint directory to ensure that the inventory is correctly updated. See page 159 for details.
  - Installs the Common Tools. These provide the Tomcat server, web client, and administration console.

When installation is complete click **Finish**.

**NOTE** If you install a server on Linux 64-bit you may see the following error:

There were errors installing the cm\_typical libraries.

Consult the log files to verify if the error occurred (see page 86). If not you can safely ignore the message.

## Server Only Post-Installation Tasks

**NOTE** If you install a server with schema (see page 55) the following steps are performed automatically.

1 If you are utilizing a remote Oracle containing the Dimensions CM schema, verify that the connection details for the remote database have been added to this Oracle file:

```
$ORACLE_HOME/network/admin/tnsnames.ora
```

**2** For a local Oracle manually edit the following files:

```
$DM_ROOT/dmgvar.sh
$DM ROOT/dmgvar.csh
```

Add the following Oracle system information:

- Oracle client home location (ORACLE HOME)
- Oracle instant client home location (ORACLE HOME IC)
- Oracle client SID (enclosed within double-quotes).
- Oracle TWO\_TASK for communicating with a remote database

**NOTE**: ORACLE\_HOME and ORACLE\_HOME\_IC must point to a valid Oracle location.

- **3** Edit \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat and set -dsn to be the <database>@<dsn> for the database containing the Dimensions CM schema.
- **4** If you are installing against Oracle Enterprise, update dm.cfg with the correct DBIO library entry:
  - Oracle 11gR2.0.3: DBIO\_LIBRARY libdbio\_srv\_oci8\_11201.{so,sl}

Oracle 12c: DBIO\_LIBRARY libdbio\_srv\_oci8\_12201.{so,sl}

**NOTE:** On AIX you can only connect using libdbio srv oci8 12101.

- **5** Run the Dimensions CM dmpasswd utility for:
  - The schema you are using, for example:
     dmpasswd cm typical@dim14 -add -pwd cm typical
  - The system administrator, for example:
     dmpasswd dmsys -add -pwd <dmsys password>

For information on running dmpasswd see the *System Administration Guide*.

## **Installing a Schema Only**

**IMPORTANT!** Your RDBMS must be running before you start the installation.

- 1 Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Select **New Install** and then **Server**.
- 3 Select Install Dimensions Database Schema Only.
- **4** Accept the directory where the CM server is already installed or choose a different one.
- **5** Enter the OS account name and password for the Dimensions CM system administrator. Default: dmsys
- **6** Select a database:
  - **Local**: use an Oracle located on the local machine.
  - **Remote**: use an Oracle located on a remote machine.
- **7** Select an Oracle version.
- **8** Select the directory or path where Oracle is installed.

- **9** Enter the owner of the Oracle files. If you are connecting to:
  - A local database enter the user on the *local* machine.
  - A remote database enter the user on the *remote* machine.

Default: oracle

- **10** Enter the following Oracle system information:
  - Hostname of the machine where Oracle is installed.
  - System ID (SID), for example: dim14
  - NET8 Service Name, for example: dim14
  - TCP /IP Port number: may be a local or remote Oracle instance.
     Default: 1521

SID and NET8 Service name are normally the same. You must enter these correctly or the installation will not function properly.

- **11** Enter the following Oracle values:
  - Oracle administration user. Serena Runtime default: system
  - Oracle administration password. Serena Runtime default: manager
  - Password for the PCMS\_SYS schema that was created for the Oracle instance. Serena Runtime default: pcms\_sys

#### **NOTES**

- Values are case-sensitive.
- If you are installing on a Linux server that has a 32-bit RDBMS a
  message may appear. This server is native 64-bit and cannot be
  used with a 32-bit RDBMS. The installer will automatically install a
  64-bit Oracle Instant Client. Accept the default directory or select
  a different one.
- **12** Select a demo process model, for details see page 19.

**13** Specify the operating system ID of the tool manager for the demo process model. Default: dmsys

Specify credentials for the work and deployment areas:

#### Area Owner ID

Accept the default (dmsys) or enter a login ID. This user will be set by default as the system administrator login ID.

#### Password

Enter the password for the area owner.

Accept the default directory for the demo process model areas or select a different one.

After installation you must assign operating system accounts to the users in the sample process model, for details see page 19.

- **14** Enter the host name of the Dimensions CM server.
- **15** Review the settings and click **Install**. The installer creates the Oracle tablespaces and sample process model. This may take a long time.

When installation is complete click Finish.

**NOTE** If you install a server on Linux 64-bit you may see the following error:

There were errors installing the cm\_typical libraries.

Consult the log files to verify if the error occurred (see page 86). If not you can safely ignore the message.

## **Installing an SSO Server and Smart Card**

This section describes how to:

- Install a new SSO server, with or without smart card, into an existing CM installation.
- Connect a CM server to an existing SSO server with or without smart card.

# SSO and Smart Card Limitations and Requirements

- Currently the only smart card client reader supported is the Common Access Card (CAC), a United States Department of Defense (DoD) smart card issued as standard identification for logging in to DoD hosted software.
- Smart card authentication is only supported on Linux and Solaris.
- Installing or configuring an SSO server requires specific Light Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) parameters. For details see page 23.
- See the SSO and smart card pre-requisites on page 22.

## Installing

- **1** Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Select New Install and then Server.
- 3 Select Install Serena SSO Server or Configure to use an Existing one Only.
- 4 Select an installation option:
  - Dimensions SSO
  - Dimensions SSO and Smart Cards
- **5** Accept the directory where the server is installed or choose a different one.
- **6** Enter the following information:

- OS account name and password for the Dimensions CM system administrator. Default: dmsys
- Host name of the Dimensions CM server.
- Server port for http connections. Default: 8080
- 7 Select an SSO server installation option:
  - New: install a new SSO server.
  - **Existing**: configure a connection to an existing SSO server, for example, Serena Business Manager (SBM).
- **8** To configure SSO and smart card do one of the following:
  - For an existing SSO server

Specify the SSO server's hostname and port and optionally select a secure https connection.

For a new SSO server without smart card

To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

#### Defaults:

- Port: 389
- Search Filter: (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0}))

For details about server SSO parameters see page 24.

- For a new SSO server with smart card
  - To configure the LDAP connection for authenticating smart cards enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Bind User DN, and Password.

Default port: 389

 To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

```
Search Filter default:
  (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0})).
```

For information about server SSO and smart card parameters see page 24.

- **9** Review the settings and click **Install**.
  - When installation is complete click **Finish**.
- **10** Manually configure the smart card trusted certificate authorities. For details see page 101.

## **Installing a UNIX Agent**

- **1** Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Click **New Install** and then **Agent**.
- **3** Accept the default installation directory or select a different one.
- 4 (Optional) Select **Deployment Automation Agent**.
- **5** Enter the hostname and port number of the server that will provide auto update install packages.
- **6** If you are installing the Serena Deployment Automation Agent do the following:
  - Specify the name of the agent.
  - Optionally use Mutual Authentication with SSL for the agent to communicate with the Deployment Automation server.
  - Optionally connect to an Agent Relay instead of directly to the Deployment Automation server. Default: no

Specify the following parameters for the Agent Relay:

- Host name or address
- Communication port
- HTTP proxy port
- The host name or address of the Dimensions CM server
- The Java Message Service (JMS) communication port

- **7** Enter the OS login name and password for the Dimensions system administrator. Default: dmsys.
- **8** Click **Install** to start the Agent installation.

When the installation is complete click **Finish**.

## **Starting Agent Services**

#### Starting the Listener as the Root User

- **1** Login as user root.
- Set up the Dimensions CM pcms\_sdp network service. Either locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end of the file:

```
pcms_sdp<white-space><port>/tcp<white-space># <comment>
```

This entry is required by the Dimensions CM listener.

```
<port> default: 671
```

- **3** Perform the following check:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM dfs directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dfs
```

- **b** Open the listener.dat file in a text editor.
- **c** Check that the file contains the following entry:
  - -agent
- **d** If not, add the entry and save the file.
- 4 Start the Dimensions listener as follows:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:
    - # cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog
  - **b** Run the following command:
    - # ./dmstartup

**NOTE**: The dmstartup script also exports the Dimensions CM environment variables to the user root. It runs the following Bourne

shell login script located in the Dimensions CM root directory (\$DM\_ROOT):

dmprofile

**5** Check the Dimensions CM processes:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm
```

You should see the services dmlsnr and dmpool.x.

#### Starting the Listener as the Administrator User

By default the Agent's listener service is owned by the user root. You can change the listener's owner to the system administrator (by default, dmsys):

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 Set up the Dimensions CM pcms\_sdp network service. Either locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end of the file:

```
pcms_sdp<white-space>671/tcp<white-space># <comment>
This is required by the Dimensions CM listener and dmcli.
```

**3** Give all users permission to use the display:

```
# xhost +
```

- **4** Perform the following check:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM dfs directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dfs
```

- **b** Open the listener.dat file in a text editor.
- **c** Check that the file contains the following entry:
  - -agent
- **d** If not, add that entry and save the file.
- **5** Log out as user root and log back in as the Dimensions System Administrator (by default user dmsys).
- **6** Navigate to: \$DM\_R00T/dfs

**7** Edit the file listener.dat and add the following:

```
-user <DSA_username>
-restricted mode
```

where <DSA\_username> is the system administrator non-root user that is running the listener on the Dimensions agent. Typically this is dmsys.

- **8** Start the Dimensions Agent listener as follows:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog
```

**b** Run the following command:

```
# ./dmstartup
```

**9** Check that the Dimensions CM processes have started:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm
```

You should see the services dmlsnr and dmpool.x.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

- When running the agent in restricted mode, area and remote node authentication credentials are not used. In restricted mode, files in a remote area are owned by the user running the dmpool process (by default dmsys), regardless of which user ID is set for the area or specified in Remote Node Authentication.
- Check that the service specified by the listener.dat -service parameter (by default pcms\_sdp) uses a port number of 1025 or higher rather than the default of 671:
  - Delete the local connect pipe, typically /tmp/dimensions\_local\_connect. This is recreated when the listener is restarted.
  - Change the ownership and/or permissions on \$DM\_ROOT/prog/dmstartup and \$DM\_ROOT/prog/dmshutdown so that they are executable by the non-root user specified by the -user flag in \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat.

This new port number must also be used on the server node.

# **Installing a UNIX Client**

- 1 Run the installer. Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Click **New Install** and then **Client**.
- **3** Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.
- **4** Enter the OS login name and password for the Dimensions system administrator. Default: dmsys
- **5** Enter the hostname of a Dimensions CM server to be used by the web client.
- **6** Click **Install** to start the client installation. When the installation is complete click **Finish**.

## **Installing Dimensions CM for Eclipse**

**NOTE** Dimensions CM clients are not required to install the Eclipse integration.

# Installing the Eclipse Integration from a Server

You can install the Eclipse integration from an update site hosted by the Dimensions CM server. The Tomcat eclipse.war file is added as part of the CM server install. You can use the same method to install *Appcelerator Titanium Studio* into Eclipse.

- 1 Open Eclipse.
- **2** From the Help menu select Install New Software. The Install wizard is displayed.
- **3** On the Available Software screen, in the **work with** box enter:

```
http://<host>:<port>/eclipse
```

where <host> and <port> point to the Serena Tomcat installation.

4 Select the feature Serena Dimensions Eclipse Interface and click Next.

**NOTE**: You may need to de-select the Group by Category option to display the Dimensions Eclipse integration.

- **5** On the Install Details screen click **Next**.
- 6 On the Review Licenses screen click **Accept** to accept the terms of the license agreement and click **Finish**.
- **7** After the software has been installed you are prompted to restart Eclipse.

## **Manually Installing the Eclipse Integration**

#### Pre-Installation Tasks

If a previous version of Dimensions CM for Eclipse is installed you need to uninstall it:

**1** As user root navigate to:

**2** Launch the simple Eclipse uninstaller:

```
./uninstaller.jar
```

**3** Follow the uninstaller wizard instructions to remove the existing Eclipse integration.

**NOTE**: To ensure that the existing Eclipse integration uninstalls successfully, check it is shut down.

**4** Delete the following directory:

```
$DM ROOT/integrations/Eclipse3.x
```

### Installing Dimensions CM for Eclipse

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 Navigate to and run the appropriate extracted downloaded file:
  - GUI mode:
  - # ./setup<platform>.bin
  - Console mode:
  - # ./setup<platform>.bin -console

#### Silently Installing Dimensions CM for Eclipse

To silently install Dimensions CM for Eclipse.

- **1** Login as a user root.
- 2 Navigate to one of the installer executables:
  - setup-windows.exe
  - setup-linux.bin
  - setup-mac.zip
- **3** Copy the executable and associated files to the directory that you are using for the silent installer files. In a terminal window navigate to this directory.
- **4** Run this command:

```
setup-linux.bin -i silent
```

You can optionally specify a response file from which the installer will retrieve the values for variables for the installation. To record your responses, specify -r fileName. To use the response file specify -f fileName.

**NOTE** The uninstaller is uninstaller.jar in the Serena Dimensions for Eclipse installation directory.

# **Installing Dimensions Make**

## **Legal Considerations**

Some of the Serena<sup>®</sup> Dimensions<sup>®</sup> CM and ADG executables and associated libraries are derived from source code covered by the GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE and the GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE. Specifically:

File	UNIX and Windows	UNIX Only	Windows Only
adg	Y		
dm_make	Y		
dm_nmake			Y
libmcx.so		Y	
mcx.dll			Y

As a condition of the GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE and the GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE, source code for the above discussed executable and library files is also available, see the *Dimensions CM Make User's Guide* for details.

# Obtaining the Dimensions Make Executables

The Dimensions Make executables and user guide are available to download free from the following public web site:

http://www.serena.com/products/dimensions/dimensions make.html

Download the version of Dimensions Make appropriate to your operating system.

## **Pre-Installation Requirements**

- Dimensions CM server or client.
- UNIX "uncompress" utility.

## **Installing Dimensions Make**

- **1** Login as root.
- **2** Download and extract the contents of the UNIX tar version of the Dimensions Make files. Make sure that these files are located in a single directory with appropriate permissions and access to Dimensions CM.
- **3** Enter the following OS command to run the installer script:
  - # sh install make
- When prompted to continue installation enter 'y' to continue or RETURN to exit. The Dimensions Make installer searches the current directory for the file make\_reply.txt. It uses this file to save your replies to the questions it asks during installation so that they can be provided as default answers during subsequent reinstallations.
- **5** After reading the license agreement, enter q to exit the UNIX more utility.
- When prompted, enter y (es) to accept the terms of the license agreement, then enter c (confirm).
- If prompted, supply the name of a directory containing a make\_reply.txt file generated during a previous installation. Or enter c to create one.
- **8** When prompted enter the path to the installation medium. This is the absolute or relative pathname of the file dimensions\_make.tar located in the same directory as the install\_make script.
- **9** When prompted enter the Dimensions CM system administrator ID. This is the person responsible for all Dimensions CM database and maintenance operations. Normally this user account is dmsys.

When prompted enter the absolute path to the Dimensions CM root installation directory. This corresponds to the environment variable \$DM ROOT.

# **Using Console Mode**

If you have a VT100 or "dumb" terminal system you can optionally run the installer in console mode, also known as character user interface (CUI) mode.

The installation steps in CUI mode are analogous to those in GUI mode, which are described in this chapter.

The standard CUI mode keyboard commands are:

- 1: progress to the next screen
- 2: return to the previous screen
- 3: cancel a screen
- 5: re-display a screen

# Chapter 5

# **Post-Installation Tasks**

Starting UNIX Server Processes	86
Verifying an Installation	90
Establishing a Dimensions CM Environment	95
Database Administration (Server Only)	96
Recovering from a System Crash	98
General Server Setup Information	99
Setting Up SSO	101
Automatically Merging on UNIX	106

# **Starting UNIX Server Processes**

### **Checking the Installation Logs**

Check the installation logs for any problems:

```
/tmp/dminet_Installxxxxx.log
/tmp/dimensons install/*
```

## Starting the RDBMS

Verify if your Oracle processes are running:

```
ps -eaf | grep ora
```

If you have logged out from or rebooted your system prior to starting the server you must manually restart the Oracle processes.

#### To restart the Serena Runtime:

- **1** Remain logged in as user root.
- 2 Navigate to \$DM\_ROOT/prog.
- 3 Enter:

```
dm control rdbms start
```

For a remote UNIX Serena Runtime this script uses the local Serena Runtime client. See the *System Administration Guide* for details.

#### To restart your Oracle Enterprise services:

Consult your DBA or vendor documentation.

## Starting a Server as the Root User

- **1** Login as user root.
- To set up the pcms\_sdp network service, either locally or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end of the file:

pcms\_sdp<white-space><port>/tcp<white-space># <comment>

This entry is required by the Dimensions CM app servers (dmappsrv.x) and listener.

<port> default: 671

- 3 Start Dimensions CM:
  - **a** Go to the root directory. For example:

# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm

- **b** Give yourself the environment by running the following if C shell:
  - % source /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmlogin or the following if Bourne shell (or a derivative):
  - \$ . /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmprofile
- **c** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:

# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog

**d** Run the following command:

# dm control cm start

**4** Verify that the Dimensions CM processes have started:

# ps -eaf | grep dm[pal]

You should see services such as dmappsrv.x and dmpool.x.

**5** As a further check, run "getpoolstats":

# getpoolstats

You should get a message that a number of dbs processes are running.

## Starting a Server as the Administrator User

By default the server's listener service is owned by the user root. However, you can change the listener's owner to the system administrator (by default, dmsys).

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 To set up the pcms\_sdp network service, either locally or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end of the file:

```
pcms_sdp<white-space>671/tcp<white-space># <comment>
```

This entry is required for use by the Dimensions CM "app servers" (dmappsrv.x) and listener.

- **3** Log out as user root and log back in as the system administrator (by default dmsys).
- **4** Go to:

```
$DM ROOT/dfs
```

**5** Edit the file listener.dat and add the following:

```
-user <DSA_username>
-restricted mode
```

where <DSA\_username> is the system administrator non-root user that is running the listener on the server (typically dmsys).

- **6** Start Dimensions CM:
  - **a** Go to the root directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm
```

- **b** Setup the CM environment:
  - C shell:
  - % source /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmlogin
  - Bourne shell (or a derivative):
  - \$ . /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmprofile

**c** Go to the prog directory, for example:

# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog

**d** Run the following command:

```
# dm control cm start
```

**7** Verify that the processes have started:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm[pal]
```

You should see services such as dmappsrv.x and dmpool.x.

8 As a further check, run "getpoolstats":

```
# getpoolstats
```

You should get a message that a certain number of dbs processes are running.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

- When running a server in restricted mode, area/remote node authentication credentials are not used. Files in a remote area are owned by the user running the dmpool process (by default dmsys), regardless which user ID is set for the area or is specified in Remote Node Authentication.
- Verify that the service specified by the listener.dat -service parameter (by default pcms\_sdp) uses a port number of 1025 or higher rather than the default of 671. To do this:
  - Delete the "local connect pipe" (typically /tmp/dimensions\_local\_connect). Note that it is recreated when the listener is restarted.
  - Change the ownership and/or permissions on \$DM\_ROOT/prog/dmstartup and \$DM\_ROOT/prog/dmshutdown so that they are executable by the non-root user specified by the -user flag in \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat.

## **Starting Tomcat**

- **1** Login as the system administrator (DSA). Default: *dmsys*
- **2** Start the common Tomcat:

```
$ cd $DM_ROOT/../common/tomcat/8.0/bin
$ ./startup.sh
```

To verify that Tomcat is running, check the process list for the tomcat process.

# Verifying an Installation

## Configuring an X Window System

If you have an X Window System configure it as follows:

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Set up the Dimensions CM pcms sdp network service.

Locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end:

```
pcms_sdp<white-space>671/tcp<white-space># <comment>
This entry is required by dmcli, the command-line client
```

**3** Give all users permission to use the display:

```
# xhost +
```

Some UNIX systems do not allow you to directly output X11 programs to your local display. Export the X11 display to another X11 system or run this command:

\$ ssh -X root@localhost

## **Setting Up the Dimensions CM Environment**

**1** Go to the Dimensions CM root directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm
```

- **2** Run the following command:
  - Bourne shell: \$ . ./dmprofile
  - C shell: \$ source dmlogin

## **Verifying Server and Agent Installations**

#### X Window System

- I Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client: dmcli
- 2 Enter details in the Dimensions login dialog box. The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions prompt.
- 3 Enter: exit

#### **Command Prompt**

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Give all users permission to use the display:

```
# xhost +
```

3 Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client:

#### For example:

```
dmcli -user dmsys -pass <dmsys_passwd> -host sun1
    -dbname cm_typical@dim14
```

The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions > prompt.

4 Enter exit.

## **Checking the Command-Line Client**

#### X Window System

1 Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client:

dmcli

- 2 Enter details in the Dimensions login dialog box. The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions prompt.
- **3** Enter: exit

#### **Command Prompt**

1 Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client:

For example:

```
dmcli -user dmsys -pass <dmsys_passwd> -host sun1 -
    dbname cm typical@dim14
```

The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions> prompt.

**2** Enter exit.

## **Verifying Command Files**

Check that the following shell scripts have been successfully installed:

Server, agent, client: \$DM\_ROOT / dmlogin

dmlogin is a C shell script for setting the environment variables required to run Dimensions CM. It resides in the \$DM\_ROOT directory. Invoke this script as part of the .login file of every Dimensions CM user using C shell, for example:

% source /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmlogin

Server, agent, client: \$DM\_ROOT / dmprofile

dmprofile is the Bourne shell equivalent of dmlogin. Invoke this script as part of the .profile file of every Dimensions CM user using Bourne shell, for example:

- \$ . /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/dmprofile
- Server, agent: \$DM\_PROG / dmstartup

Run dmstartup as user root to start:

- Serena License Manager
- The Dimensions listener. This starts a single listener process and many "apps server" processes.

If you do not want any of these processes to be automatically invoked, edit dmstartup and comment out the appropriate statements. You may run this as part of your system boot procedure.

■ **Server, agent**: \$DM\_PROG / dmshutdown

Run \$DM\_PROG as user root to shut down:

- Serena License Manager
- Dimensions listener. This stops a single listener process and many "apps server" processes.

If you do not want any of these processes to be automatically shut down, edit dmshutdown and comment out the appropriate statements. You may run this script as part of the UNIX system shutdown procedure.

■ **Server**: \$DM\_PROG / dm control

Run dm control as user root to:

- Start up, shut down, and restart the Serena Runtime.
- Start up, shutdown, and restart the Dimensions CM server.

Enter dm\_control to display the syntax or see the *System Administration Guide*.

- **Server**: \$DM\_R00T/../common/tomcat/8.0/bin/startup.sh Run startup.sh as user dmsys to start up the Common Tomcat server. You can run this as part of your system boot procedure.
- Server: \$DM\_ROOT/../common/tomcat/8.0/bin/shutdown.sh Run shutdown.sh as user dmsys to shut down the Common Tomcat server. You may run this script as part of the UNIX system shutdown procedure.

**CAUTION!** Do not start or stop Common Tomcat as user root. It must be stopped by the user who owns the Dimensions CM files (by default, dmsys).

## **Ensuring OS Access to Dimensions Files**

On server, agent, and client systems, the Dimensions CM system administrator OS account (by default dmsys) must belong to the group dmtool. OS accounts for non-administrative users should not be placed in this group. However, user accounts with Dimensions CM ADMIN privileges should be placed in the dmtool group. This ensures that access to the Dimensions \$DM\_DBASE utilities are restricted to administrative users.

## **Command-Line Acceptance Tests**

Run these tests on server, client, and agent systems to verify that the command-line interface is installed correctly. You should be familiar CM commands.

- 1 Run dmcli to access the command prompt as explained on page 92.
- **2** Run the LWS command and verify that a list of projects is returned.

- **3** Run the SCWS command and verify that the correct project details are displayed.
- **4** Run the LWSD /RECURSIVE command and verify that a list of project directories and items is displayed.

### **Testing Client URLs**

Before you can test the web client and administration console URLs the Serena Common Tomcat process must be running, see page 90.

To launch the web client enter the following URL:

http://<dimensions\_server\_host-id>:8080/dimensions/

To launch the administration console enter the following URL:

http://<dimensions\_server\_host-id>:8080/adminconsole/

# **Establishing a Dimensions CM Environment**

Every Dimensions user account has a .login (or .profile) file that must include the following lines. This applies to server, client, and agent systems.

- C shell:
  - % source /opt/serena/dimensions/<version>/cm/dmlogin
- Bourne shell (or a derivative):
  - \$ . /opt/serena/dimensions/<version>/cm/dmprofile

Avoid issuing the command set -u

until *after* invoking dmprofile. Failure to do so may result in the script failing to complete, leaving the environment incorrect for Dimensions.

## **Database Administration (Server Only)**

### **Working with Multiple Oracle Instances**

If you are running multiple Oracle instances, review the following steps:

- If you already have Oracle instances running on the server and you have created a new Oracle instance, you must merge the old Oracle configuration files with the new Oracle configuration files.
- Ensure that the Oracle service name entry (for example dim14) is available to each client:
  - For each client hosted on a UNIX or Linux system, copy or merge either of these database server files to the client:

```
/etc/tnsnames.ora
/var/opt/oracle/tnsnames.ora
```

- For each Windows server, enter the service-name (database alias) on the server using the server's "Net Configuration Assistant" utility.
- Enable the NET8 TNS listener process to start for client connections by adding the following line to the dmstartup script:

## **Registering Base Databases**

Every base database must be registered with Dimensions CM using the dmpasswd utility. The Dimensions installer registers the base database you choose during installation and a default password is assigned. The default password for the "Typical, Stream Development" or "Typical, Non-Stream Development" process models is cm\_typical.

Run the following command to register other base databases:

```
dmpasswd <basedb>@<connect string> -add -pwd <password>
```

Run the following command to change the default password assigned to a base database:

```
dmpasswd <basedb>@<connect_string> -mod
```

## **Installing Dimensions Published Views**

Published views are installed with the "Typical, Stream Development" or "Typical, Non-Stream Development" sample process models. To re-install and re-grant published views to report users:

- **1** Log into dmdba as the RDBMS Administrator (for Oracle this is system). See the *System Administration Guide*.
- **2** Enter the following commands:

```
delv <basedb>
insv <basedb>
grtv <basedb> cbasedb_report_user_name>

For example:

grtv intermediate intermediate_rept

grtv cm_typical_rept

This initial invocation of grtv results in an error stream starting with:

SQL-1E36-40(00B0FE60) ORA-
00955: name is already used by an existing object
```

You can safely ignore this error.

**3** Enter the following command:

```
rekv <basedb> <basedb_report_user_name>
After a short period, the following message appears:
Report views have been successfully revoked.
```

**4** Enter the following command:

```
grtv <basedb> <basedb_report_user_name>
The following message appears:
Report views have been successfully granted.
```

Repeat this procedure for all report users in every base database on your Dimensions CM server.

For more information see the *System Administration Guide* and the *Reports Guide*.

## **Database Administration Acceptance Tests**

These tests require you to use Dimensions CM DBA utilities as an authorized DBA user. For more information on these commands see the *System Administration Guide*.

- 1 Run the dmdba spac command and verify that the output is correct.
- **2** Run the dmdba 1sdb command and verify that the output is correct.
- **3** Run the Dimensions CM UREG and XREG commands to verify that you can create and drop users.

## **Recovering from a System Crash**

After an unplanned system shutdown (for example a crash or a power failure) CM may fail to restart. Do the following:

- **1** Restart the database.
- **2** From the dmsys account check that the environment variables are correctly set up.
- If you are using a Dimensions network for CM operations, delete the following file using the UNIX rm command:

```
$DM_ROOT/dfs/<nodename>/<nodename>.dat
```

The network will not start if this file exists.

- **4** Force start the database and then shut it down normally using the following commands (see the *System Administration Guide* for more details):
  - To start the Serena Runtime:
    - \$ dm\_control rdbms\_start

\$ dm control rdbms stop

This also starts the RDBMS listener.

To start Oracle Enterprise:

```
% $ORACLE_HOME/bin/sqlplus /nolog
SQLPLUS> connect / as sysdba
SQLPLUS> startup force
SQLPLUS> shutdown
SQLPLUS> startup
SQLPLUS> exit
$ORACLE_HOME/bin/lsnrctl
LSNRCTL> start
```

**5** To start Dimensions CM:

```
$ dm_control cm_start
```

## **General Server Setup Information**

## **Solaris Descriptors Limit**

On Solaris the system limit on open descriptors per process must be set to at least 1024. To verify enter this C shell command:

```
$ limit -h descriptors
```

If the limit is below 1024 the tunable kernel parameter rlim\_fd\_max must be increased.

## **Linux Kernel Size Warning**

The following message may be written to the Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise alert file on startup:

DIM Linux Warning: EINVAL creating segment of size 0x0000000002780000

To resolve this, go to /proc/sys/kernel and run the more command for the shmmax file to show its current size.

To temporarily resolve this change the value to 536870912 bytes:

```
% echo 536870912 > /proc/sys/kernel/shmmax
```

This will return to the original value when the server is restarted.

To permanently change the shmmax value edit the following file:

```
/etc/sysctl.conf
```

Insert the following and reboot the server:

```
kernel.shmmax = 536870912
```

#### **Solaris License Defect**

Due to a defect in the Solaris OS, when a Serena License Server is stopped on a Solaris system, between one to five minutes are required for the port to free up in order for it to restart. This can result in check out failures. The following command resets the default to 2.4 seconds:

```
/usr/sbin/ndd -set /dev/tcp tcp_time_wait_interval 2400
```

#### **Locations of Demo Process Models**

Check that the installer has created the following top-level deployment directories for the products associated with the "Typical, Stream Development" or "Typical, Non-Stream Development" demonstration process models. If they are not present manually create them:

```
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/DEV
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/LIVE
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/PREPOD
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/QA
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/SIT
%DM_ROOT%/../workareas/cm_typical/WORK
```

## **Ownership of Item Libraries**

During a standard installation all item libraries are owned by the system administrator (by default dmsys). Make sure that any additional item libraries are also owned by the system administrator and *not* the user root.

## **Integrating with Dimensions RM**

If you are integrating with Dimensions RM, edit the Dimensions RM server rmcm.xml file to provide the Dimensions CM server URL.

**1** On the Dimensions RM web server system navigate to:

```
<RM-Install-Directory>\conf
```

**2** Open the following configuration file in a text editor:

```
rmcm.xml
```

**3** Update the following lines with the Dimensions CM server information:

If Dimensions CM is installed on the same system as the Dimensions RM web server and was installed with the default port number 8080, then this URL is correct.

## **Setting Up SSO**

## **Configuring Trusted Certificate Authorities**

For SSO and smart card installations, the certificate for user, services, and other purposes must be issued by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA). To configure CAs correctly you need a certificate of your authority (it can be CA on a Microsoft Domain Controller or externally based on OpenSSL).

#### Adding a Certificate to a Java Key Store

You can use the standard Java tool "keytool" to create a new keystore or add a new certificate to existing keystore. Enter the following command:

#### where:

Keytool Command	Description
<pre><your_keystore_file_name></your_keystore_file_name></pre>	Keystore file name to which to add the certificate.
<pre><your_keystore_password></your_keystore_password></pre>	Password for the keystore.
<cert_to_import></cert_to_import>	Certificate to add to the keystore. Can be: *.PEM, *.CER (Base64 or DER encoded), or *.CRT.
<pre><your_cert_alias></your_cert_alias></pre>	Alias of certificate in the keystore. Each certificate has an unique alias.

#### Configuring Truststore in the Security Server

To configure trusted CAs, specify one or more keystore and certificate aliases from the keystores in the X509-LDAP or X509-BASE authenticators of the STS. To do this, edit the STS configuration file:

<TOMCAT\_HOME>\webapps\idp\WEB-INF\conf\Configuration.xml

The following sample shows how to configure trusted CAs, pay special attention to the "CertificateIssuerTrustMatcher" section:

```
<Setting Name="serena-ldap-authenticator" Type="htf:map">
  <Setting Name="Provider" Type="xsd:string">X509-LDAP</Setting>
<Setting Name="CertificateMustExistInLDAP" Type="xsd:boolean">false
</Setting>
  <Setting Name="CertificateAttributeName" Type="xsd:string"></Setting>
<Setting Name="SearchFilter" Type="xsd:string">(objectclass=*)</Setting>
  <Setting Name="CompatibleRequestMatchers" Type="htf:namedlist">
    <Setting Name="CredentialsTypeMatcher" Type="xsd:string">X509
</Setting>
     <Setting Name="AuthenticationTypeMatcher" Type="xsd:string">*
</Setting>
    <Setting Name="CertificateIssuerDNMatcher" Type="xsd:string">*
</Setting>
    <Setting Name="CertificateIssuerTrustMatcher" Type="htf:map">
  <!-- Sample Entry -->
       <Setting Name="serena-truststore" Type="htf:keystore">
         <Setting Name="Type" Type="xsd:string">JKS</Setting>
<Setting Name="File" Type="htf:file">serenaca.jks</Setting>
         <Setting Name="Password" Type="xsd:string">changeit</Setting>
       <Setting Name="serenaca" Type="htf:certificate">
         <Setting Name="KeyStoreName" Type="xsd:string">serena-truststore
</Setting>
          <Setting Name="Alias" Type="xsd:string">serenaca</Setting>
```

```
</Setting>
       <!-- Template Entry -->
       <Setting Name="[your_keystore_alias]" Type="htf:keystore">
          <Setting Name="Type" Type="xsd:string">JKS</Setting>
          <Setting Name="File" Type="htf:file">[your_keystore_file_name]
     </Setting>
          <Setting Name="Password" Type="xsd:string">[your keystore password]
       </Setting
       <Setting Name="[your_certificate_alias(2)]" Type="htf:certificate">
          <Setting Name="KeyStoreName" Type="xsd:string">[your_keystore_alias]</Setting>
          <Setting Name="Alias" Type="xsd:string">[your_certificate_alias]
   </Setting>
       </Setting>
     </Setting>
  </Setting>
  <Setting Name="JNDI.Environment" Type="htf:map">
     <Setting Name="java.naming.factory.initial"</pre>
  Type="xsd:string">com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory</Setting>
     <Setting Name="java.naming.provider.url" Type="xsd:string">
  ldap://serena.com:389</Setting>

<Setting Name="java.naming.security.authentication" Type="xsd:string">simple</Setting

<Setting Name="java.naming.security.principal" Type="xsd:string">ldapuser</Setting>

<Setting Name="java.naming.security.credentials" Type="xsd:string">changeit</Setting>
</Setting Name="java.naming.security.credentials" Type="xsd:string">changeit</Setting>
                                                                          Type="xsd:string">simple</Setting>
  </Setting>
</Setting>
```

#### where:

[your keystore alias]

**IMPORTANT!** After upgrading, if you use custom certificates with passwords that are not the default you will need to update the configuration file shown above. The pre-14.x file is saved in the Tomcat 8.0 directory as:

Is any unique keystore alias (for example,

backup\_config.pre<current CM version number>

Default password: changeit

# Disabling Username and Password Authentication

Dimensions CM supports dual username/password and smart card authentication for certain power users, for example, administrators and those who require the running of unattended batch jobs.

If other users should not have access to username/password authentication, the OS administrator should either:

- Not assign such users username/password authentication in the first place (the recommended option); or
- Remove username/password authentication from all normal smart card users who have such authentication (for example, users with usernames that existed before smart card authentication was introduced).

## **Establishing a Certificate Revocation List**

A Certificate Revocation List (CRL) is a common method for maintaining a list of subscribers paired with digital certificate status. The list enumerates revoked certificates along with the reasons for revocation. The dates of certificate issue, and the entities that issued them, are also included. Each list contains a proposed date for the next release. When a potential user attempts to access a server, the server allows or denies access based on the CRL entry for that user. You can compare user certificates against one or more CRLs. For details on configuring the Dimensions CM Security Token Service (STS) see the *System Administration Guide*.

# Adding Smart Card Support after Installing CM with SSO

To implement smart card authentication support after installing Dimensions CM with SSO (Single Sign-on) support do the following:

1 Open the following file in an XML or text editor:

```
<TOMCAT_HOME>\webapps\idp\WEB-INF\conf\
fedsvr-core-config.xml
```

2 Locate the AllowedPrincipalAuthenticationTypes parameter and add CLIENT\_CERT to it. This enables the Smart Card Login button. The resulting parameter looks like this:

```
<parameter name="AllowedPrincipalAuthenticationTypes"
Type="xsd:string">CLIENT CERT</parameter>
```

- **3** Save the fedsvr-core-config.xml file.
- **4** Open the following file in an XML or text editor:

```
<TOMCAT_HOME>\webapps\idp\
WEB-INF\conf\Configuration.xml file
```

Uncomment the X.509 authenticators by removing the <!--X509-NAME and X509-NAME--> markup from them. For example, remove the following markup to uncomment the X509-BASE, X509-LDAP, or X509-CRL authenticator, respectively.

```
<!--X509-BASE ... X509-BASE-->
<!--X509-LDAP ... X509-LDAP-->
<!--X509-CRL ... X509-CRL-->
```

- **6** Configure the Certificate Authorities (CA) in the X509-BASE and X509-LDAP authenticators as described on page 101.
- **7** For the X509-LDAP authenticator, the following parameters must be substituted:

```
$X509_LDAP_HOST
$X509_LDAP_USER
$X509_LDAP_PASSWORD
```

By default the installer configures the X509-LDAP authenticator when the smart card option is selected.

- **8** The X509-CRL authenticator can be used in addition to X509-BASE or X509-LDAP. In this case, the \$X509\_CRL\_PATH parameter must be substituted and the specified folder must contain \*.CRL files.
- **9** Save the Configuration.xml file.
- **10** Restart the Serena Common Tomcat Service.

The Configuration.xml file contains the following commented out example of an authenticator. To use it you must remove the comments and substitute the variables appropriate to your set-up:

## **Configuring Smart Card for SBM**

To use Dimensions CM SSO in conjunction with SSO and smart card on a Serena Business Manager (SBM) installation:

- Add the following SSO entries to the Dimensions CM server dm.cfg file.
  - SSO SERVER CERTIFICATE
  - SSO SERVER PRIVATE KEY
  - SSO\_SERVER\_PRIVATE\_KEY\_PASSWORD
- 2 Restart the Dimensions CM listener.

## **Automatically Merging on UNIX**

If you are going to use auto-merge in a remote work area hosted on a UNIX system, check that the diff and diff3 utilities are installed on the remote machine. Auto-merge with the command line on a UNIX system in a local work area also requires these utilities.

**NOTE** The minimum supported version of both is 2.7.

# Chapter 6

# **Pre-Upgrade Tasks**

General Pre-Upgrade Tasks	108
Backup your Installation	109
SSO Server Tasks	110
Shut Down Dimensions CM	111
Verify the Database is Running	112
Download and Unpack the Installer	112
Mount the DVD	113

## **General Pre-Upgrade Tasks**

 For information about supported upgrades, see this Serena support web page:

```
http://support.serena.com/roadmap/
Product.aspx?sel=PVDIMENSIONS
```

 (Oracle only) Check the consistency of the database sequence generator, see <u>Serena Support knowledgebase solution</u> \$140907.

Fix any issues before you upgrade.

 Verify that all users have checked in or delivered their local modifications.

You can create a report in the desktop or web client to check which items are 'extracted' or 'locked' for all products in a base database. The administrator user can 'undo the checkout' of these items.

- Check that the Serena License Manager version is 2.2.0 (AIX and Solaris) or 2.2.0a (Linux).
- If you are testing the upgrade process, Serena strongly recommends that you perform all tests with a copy of your current production base database on the same operating system.
- If Tomcat is being used for other applications, back them up.
- Turn off all logging in dm.cfg and listener.dat.
- During an upgrade the installer expects the password for the existing Oracle PCMS\_SYS schema user to be the default value pcms\_sys. If another value was set at installation, the upgrade will fail. To check if the PCMS\_SYS schema user password is still set to pcms\_sys enter the following commands:

```
sqlpus system/<system_password>@<ORCLE_SID>
SQL> connect pcms_sys/pcms_sys
```

If the following is returned, the default is still set:

SQL> Connected

To change the password back to its default value (at least for the duration of the upgrade), do one of the following:

- For the Serena Runtime, run the dmdba cpas command. See the System Administration Guide for details.
- For Oracle Enterprise, enter the following command:

```
SQL> alter user pcms sys identified by pcms sys;
```

- Database administrator tasks:
  - Recalculate database statistics using Oracle tools or the Dimensions CM DMDBA commands (see the System Administration Guide).
  - Increase the space allocated for the PCMS\_DATA tablespace by at least 50% and PCMS\_IDX by at least 100%.
  - Set the tablespaces PCMS\_DATA and PCMS\_IDX to AutoExtend.
  - Disable the Oracle recycle bin.

# **Backup your Installation**

Serena recommends backing up your existing server, agent, and clients before upgrading:

- Back up your existing RDBMS database before you upgrade the schema. Use the database tools to perform the backup.
- Backup item libraries using operating system tools.
- Backup the current Dimensions installation using operating system tools or snapshots of virtual machines. At a minimum, backup the following files and directories:

**NOTE**: You only need to backup directories marked below in bold if their files have been modified or customized.

```
$DM_ROOT/cm/dm.cfg
$DM_ROOT/cm/dfs/alf_events_config.xml
$DM_ROOT/cm/dfs <directory>
$DM_ROOT/cm/dfs/email_config.dat
$DM_ROOT/cm/dfs/listener.dat
$DM_ROOT/cm/dfs/registry.dat
$DM_ROOT/cm/prog <directory>
$DM_ROOT/cm/email_templates <directory>
$DM_ROOT/cm/templates <directory>
```

\$TOMCAT/conf <directory>
\$TOMCAT/webapps/adminconsole/WEB-INF <directory>
\$TOMCAT/webapps/dimensions/WEB-INF <directory>
\$TOMCAT/webapps/bws/WEB-INF <directory>

### **SSO Server Tasks**

### SBM SSO Server Tasks

If you are going to use an existing Serena Business Manager (SBM) Single Sign On (SSO) server, record the SBM server name and port number to connect to.

- Verify if a secure (https) connection is required.
- Export the STS certificate from the SBM SSO Server as a pem file, sts.pem, so that it can be imported into Dimensions CM.

### **Dimensions CM SSO Server Tasks**

Dimensions CM can install its own SSO server for stand-alone applications.

- The following LDAP parameters are required:
  - Hostname (by default same as for smart card reader)
  - SSO Port (by default same as for smart card reader)
  - Search filter
  - Bind user DN (by default same as for smart card reader)
  - LDAP password for the bind user DN (by default same as for smart card reader)
- If you are upgrading from a previous Dimensions CM SSO server, backup the following directories:

\$TOMCAT\alfssogatekeeper
\$TOMCAT\webapps\idp
\$TOMCAT\jre\8.0\lib\security

 If you are using Secure Socket Layer (SSL) with SSO, you will need the SSO server certificates and the trusted chain (including all root and intermediate certificates).

### **Further Information**

For more information about using SSO and SSL with CM see the appendixes in the Dimensions CM *System Administration Guide*.

### **Shut Down Dimensions CM**

- **1** Exit all Dimensions CM tools and applications.
- **2** Login as root and run the Dimensions CM setup script for your version.
- **3** Run the following command to check that no users are logged into CM:

```
$ ps -eaf | grep dm*
```

- 4 Shut down Dimensions CM by running the dmshutdown script in the \$DM\_ROOT/prog directory. When you stop the Dimensions Service the dmschedule and dmemail processes may continue to run for a period after the other processes have exited. Check that these processes have terminated.
- **5** Login as the system administrator by (default dmsys). You must be logged in as dmsys not root.
- **6** Run the following script to shut down the Common Tomcat:

```
DM_R00T/../common/tomcat/8.0/bin/shutdown.sh
```

# Verify the Database is Running

Check that the Dimensions CM database is active by connecting to it with standard database utilities.

Confirm that you know the database password for SYSTEM as you will be prompted for it during a server upgrade installation for that RDBMS.

# **Download and Unpack the Installer**

- **1** Download the software from <u>Serena Support</u>.
- 2 Unpack the tar file with the following command:

```
tar xvf <filename>.tar
```

#### NOTE

- To unpack a Solaris tar file use gtar.
- If your UNIX system has an X11 windowing environment the installer installs the JRE and runs in a graphical user interface (GUI) mode. No pre-installed JRE is required.
- If your UNIX system is a VT100/dumb terminal system you can specify -console when you initiate the installer so that the launcher runs in character user interface (CUI) mode. This CUI mode is completely analogous to the GUI mode. For details see page 83.

## **Mount the DVD**

If you are installing from a DVD, or copying its contents to a local disk, do the following:

- 1 Log into the root account.
- 2 Mount the DVD using a drive located on your system or through NFS. The DVDs are in ISO 9660 format (with Rock Ridge information)

#### IBM AIX

Mount the DVD at the mount point, for example:

# mount -rv cdrfs /dev/cd0 /cdrom

#### Hewlett Packard HP-UX

If your system uses the Portable File system (pfsd(1M) and pfs\_mountd(1M) daemons are running), then mount the DVD, for example:

# pfs\_mount -t iso9660 -x unix /dev/cdrom /cdrom
otherwise

# mount -r -F cdfs -o cdcase /dev/cdrom /cdrom

### • Red Hat Enterprise Linux and SuSE Linux Enterprise Server

If your system uses autofs and is configured correctly it will automatically mount your DVD drive.

If your system uses autofs but it is not configured, search the /etc/fstab file for a line similar to:

/dev/cdrom /media/cdrom auto ro,noauto,user,exec 0 0  $\,$ 

Then mount the DVD using the following command:

\$ mount /dev/cdrom

If your system does not use autofs, enter the following command:

\$ mount -t iso9660 /dev/cdrom /media/cdrom

### • Sun Sparc

If your system uses Volume Management to automount DVDs (vold(1M) daemon are running), then the DVD will automount.

Otherwise mount the DVD at the mount point, for example:

# mount -r -F hsfs /dev/sr0 /cdrom

# Chapter 7

# **Upgrading Dimensions CM**

Upgrade Options	116
Pre-Upgrade Tasks	116
Launching the Installer from a DVD	111
Upgrading all Server Components	117
Upgrading an SSO Server	122
Upgrading a UNIX Agent	124
Upgrading a UNIX Client	125
Upgrading a Database	126
Upgrading a Database	126
Using Console Mode to Upgrade	127
Post-Upgrade Tasks	128

# **Upgrade Options**

Upgrade Option	Components	See
Server and components	Server core files	page 117
	<ul> <li>Local or remote schema</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Serena Common Tools</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>Single Sign On (SSO) server</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Smart card authentication</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Serena Deployment Automation (SDA) server that enables you to publish and deploy artifacts.</li> </ul>	
SSO server	Upgrade an existing CM server with a new SSO server with or without smart card.	page 122
Existing SSO server	Connect a existing CM server to an existing SSO server with or without smart card.	page 122
Agent	■ Agent	page 124
	<ul> <li>Serena Deployment Automation</li> </ul>	
Client	Web client	page 125
Database	Upgrade a database	page 126

# **Pre-Upgrade Tasks**

**IMPORTANT!** Verify that you have completed the pre-upgrade tasks described in the previous chapter.

# **Running the Installer**

### Running the Installer from the Download

If you are running the installer from the downloaded software:

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Navigate to and run the extracted file for your platform:
  - GUI mode: # ./setupDimensions<platform>.bin
  - CUI mode: # ./setupDimensions<platform>.bin -console

### Running the Installer from the DVD

If you are running the installer from the DVD:

- 1 Run index.html on the mounted DVD or in the directory containing the copied contents of the DVD.
- 2 In the **If you are ready to install** section, click **Click here >>** to access the **Ready to install** page.
- 3 Copy the appropriate executable path name under **Dimensions for UNIX** (for example, dimensions\_cm/dimensions\_AIX64/setupDimensionsAIX64.bin). In a terminal window, paste the path name to run the executable.

# **Upgrading all Server Components**

- 1 Run the installer (see above). Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Select **Upgrade** and then **Server**.
- **3** Accept the directory where Dimensions CM is installed or choose a different one.
- 4 Select **Upgrade all Dimensions Server Components**.

- **5** Select an SSO upgrade option:
  - Dimensions SSO
  - Dimensions SSO and Smart Cards
  - Do not setup Dimensions SSO or Smart Cards
- **6** Enter the OS account name and password for the Dimensions CM system administrator. Default: dmsys
- **7** Select an Oracle version.
- **8** Enter the owner of the Oracle files. If you are connecting to:
  - A local database enter the user on the *local* machine.
  - A remote database enter the user on the *remote* machine.

Default: oracle

- **9** Select the directory where Oracle is installed.
- **10** Enter the following Oracle system information:
  - Hostname of the machine where Oracle is installed.
  - System ID (SID), for example: dim14
  - NET8 Service Name, for example: dim14
  - TCP /IP Port number: a local or remote Oracle instance.

Default: 1521

**NOTE**: SID and NET8 Service name are normally the same. You must enter these correctly or the upgrade will not function properly.

- **11** Enter the following Oracle values:
  - Oracle administration user. Default: system
  - Password for the administration user. Default: manager
  - Password for the PCMS\_SYS schema that was created for the Oracle instance. Default: pcms\_sys

#### **NOTES**

- Values are case-sensitive.
- If you are installing on a Linux server that has a 32-bit RDBMS a message may appear. This server is native 64-bit and cannot be

used with a 32-bit RDBMS. The installer will automatically install a 64-bit Oracle Instant Client. Accept the default directory or select a different one.

- Enter the name of the Dimensions CM base database that the listener will connect to after the upgrade is complete, for example: cm\_typical
- **13** (Optional) Install an SDA server:

**IMPORTANT!** You *must not* install SDA into a Serena supplied runtime.

- Select Install SDA.
- Accept the default installation directory or choose a different one.
- (Optional if SDA is already installed) Select Use existing settings
- (Optional) Select Skip database creation
- Specify the port number that Deployment Automation agents will use to make Java Message Service (JMS) connections to the server.
- Select Client Mutual Authentication if you want Deployment Automation to use agent authentication when connecting to the server.
- Specify a username and password for a new Deployment Automation database account that will be created.

For details about installing and using SDA go to the Serena Support web site or the Serena Documentation Center.

- **14** Select an SSO server installation option:
  - New: install a new SSO server.
  - **Existing**: configure a connection to an existing SSO server, for example, Serena Business Manager (SBM).
- **15** Do one of the following:
  - For an existing SSO server

Specify the SSO server's hostname and port.

Optionally select a secure https connection.

For a new SSO server without smart card

To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

#### Defaults:

- Port: 389
- Search Filter: (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0}))

For details about server SSO parameters see page 24.

- For a new SSO server with smart card
  - To configure the LDAP connection for authenticating smart cards enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Bind User DN, and Password.

Default port: 389

 To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

```
Search Filter default:
(&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0})).
```

For information about server SSO and smart card parameters see page 24.

After the upgrade is complete manually configure the smart card trusted certificate authorities. For details see page 101.

**16** Specify the operating system user who will own and run Tomcat and Java. This user is typically given restricted permissions and must exist before you start the installation.

Default: dmsys

- **17** Accept the default port number for the Tomcat server (8080) or enter a different one if it is in use. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned (see page 20).
- **18** Review the settings and click **Install** to start the upgrade. The installer:

 Creates uninstaller files in the directory \_uninst\_maint located one level up from the root directory. A record of the installed products is created in:

/var/opt/serena/inventory

To uninstall you *must* use the uninstaller files in the \_uninst\_maint directory to ensure that the inventory is correctly updated. See page 159 for details.

- Upgrades the Oracle tablespaces and sample process model. This may take a long time.
- Upgrades the Common Tools (Tomcat server, web client, and administration console).
- Recalculates database statistics, status is logged at:

/tmp/dimensions\_install/dbstats.log

When installation is complete click **Finish**.

# **Upgrading an SSO Server**

### **Limitations and Requirements**

- Currently the only smart card client reader supported is the Common Access Card (CAC), a United States Department of Defense (DoD) smart card issued as standard identification for logging in to DoD hosted software.
- SSO and smart card authentication are only supported on Linux and Solaris.
- Installing or configuring an SSO server requires specific Light Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) parameters. For details see page 23.

### **Upgrading**

- **1** Run the installer (see page 117). Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Select **Upgrade** and then **Server**.
- **3** Accept the directory where CM is already installed or choose a different one.
- 4 Select **Setup Dimensions SSO**.
- **5** Select an installation option:
  - Dimensions SSO
  - Dimensions SSO and Smart Cards
- **6** Select an SSO server installation option:
  - New: install a new SSO server.
  - **Existing**: configure a connection to an existing SSO server, for example, Serena Business Manager (SBM).
- **7** For an existing SSO server

Specify the SSO server's hostname and port and optionally select a secure https connection.

#### 8 For a new SSO server without smart card

To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

#### Defaults:

- Port: 389
- Search Filter: (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0}))

For details about server SSO parameters see page 24.

- **9** For a new SSO server with smart card
  - To configure the LDAP connection for authenticating smart cards enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Bind User DN, and Password.

Default port: 389

 To configure LDAP details for user credentials enter parameters for: Hostname, Port, Base DN, Search Filter, Bind User DN, and Password.

```
Search Filter default:
  (&(objectClass=user)(sAMAccountName={0})).
```

For information about server SSO and smart card parameters see page 24.

**10** Review the settings and click **Install**.

When installation is complete click **Finish**.

**11** Manually configure the smart card trusted certificate authorities. For details see page 101.

# **Upgrading a UNIX Agent**

- 1 Run the installer (see page 117). Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Click **Upgrade** and then **Agent**.
- 3 Accept the Dimensions CM installation directory or select a different one.
- **4** Enter the hostname and port number of the server that will provide auto update install packages.
- **5** Enter the OS login name and password for the Dimensions system administrator. Default: dmsys.
- **6** (Optional) To install the Serena Deployment Automation Agent do the following:
  - Specify the name of the agent.
  - Optionally use Mutual Authentication with SSL for the agent to communicate with the Deployment Automation server.
  - Optionally connect to an Agent Relay instead of directly to the Deployment Automation server. Default: no

Specify the following parameters for the Agent Relay:

- Host name or address
- Communication port
- HTTP proxy port
- **7** Specify the operating system user who will own and run Tomcat and Java. This user is typically given restricted permissions and must exist before you start the installation.

Default: dmsys

- **8** Accept the default port number for the Tomcat server (8080) or enter a different one if it is in use. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned (see page 20).
- **9** Click **Install** to start the Agent upgrade.

When the upgrade is complete click Finish.

# **Upgrading a UNIX Client**

- 1 Run the installer (see page 117). Read and accept the license agreements.
- 2 Click **Upgrade** and then **Client**.
- 3 Accept the Dimensions CM installation directory or choose a different one.
- **4** Enter the OS login name and password for the Dimensions system administrator. Default: dmsys
- **5** Specify the operating system user who will own and run Tomcat and Java. This user is typically given restricted permissions and must exist before you start the installation.

Default: dmsys

- **6** Accept the default port number for the Tomcat server (8080) or enter a different one if it is in use. Some software is hard coded to port 8080 and cannot be reassigned (see page 20).
- 7 Click **Install** to start the client upgrade.

When the upgrade is complete click **Finish**.

# **Upgrading a Database**

This section describes how to migrate to the latest version of the Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise. Some migration scenarios might require additional steps not documented below. See the Serena Support knowledge base or contact the support team.

### **Disclaimer**

Serena makes no warranty of any kind in regard to the contents of this chapter, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantable quality or fitness for any particular purpose. Serena shall not be liable for errors contained in it or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance, or use of this appendix or associated software. The information in this chapter is subject to change without notice.

## **Upgrade Scenario**

Typical upgrade scenario:

- You have an existing CM production server running against a local Serena Runtime or a local Oracle Enterprise instance.
- The latest version of the Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise demands more system resources and you have decided that you cannot upgrade the Oracle version on the existing server.
- You install the Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise on a more powerful system.
- You migrate your existing production server and Oracle production databases to the new system and upgrade Dimensions CM.

### **Upgrade Path**

- **1** On the new system create an Oracle instance, see page 37.
- 2 On this system install the Dimensions CM server with a local Serena Runtime or Oracle Enterprise, see page 55.

- 3 On this system, drop the pcms\_sys database and the demonstration database.
- **4** On the original Dimensions CM server, export your existing Oracle pcms sys and all the Dimensions databases.
- **5** On the new system, import the database export file.
- **6** Manually upgrade the imported databases to use the new Dimensions CM schema:
  - **a** Log into the Dimensions CM dmdba utility as the Oracle Administration user (typically system):

```
dmdba system/<system_password>@<connect_string>
For example:
```

dmdba system/manager@dim14

- **b** At the SYSTEM> prompt enter the following dmdba command: upgrade all /force
- c At the SYSTEM> prompt, enter the following dmdba command: exit

# **Using Console Mode to Upgrade**

If you have a VT100/dumb terminal system you can optionally run the upgrade in console mode, also known as character user interface (CUI) mode.

The upgrade steps in CUI mode are analogous to those in GUI mode, which are described in this chapter.

The standard CUI mode keyboard commands are:

- 1: progress to the next screen.
- 2: return to the previous screen.
- 3: cancel a screen.
- 5: re-display a screen

# **Post-Upgrade Tasks**

**IMPORTANT!** See the post-upgrade tasks described in the following chapter.

# Chapter 8

# **Post-Upgrade Tasks**

Testing the Installation	130
Updating Tomcat Installations	130
Recalculating Database Statistics	131
Configuring a Deployment Server	131
Upgrading Pre-14 Data	131
UNIX Server Post-Upgrade Tasks	134
Migrating Pre-Dimensions 12 Deployment Data	138
UNIX Agent and Client Post-Upgrade Tasks	155
Useful Information	155

# **Testing the Installation**

- **1** Stop the Dimensions CM listener and Tomcat services.
- **2** Merge the following files that you backed up (see page 109) with the new versions that were installed during the upgrade:

```
$DM_ROOT\cm\dfs\alf_events_config.xml
$TOMCAT\conf\server.xml
$TOMCAT\webapps\adminconsole\WEB-INF\web.xml
$TOMCAT\webapps\dimensions\WEB-INF\web.xml
$TOMCAT\webapps\bws\WEB-INF\web.xml
```

- **3** Restart the Dimensions CM Listener and Tomcat services/processes and verify that you can log into Admin Console.
- **4** Stop the Dimensions CM listener and Tomcat services.
- **5** Check the Support website for any new patches for the version of Dimensions CM you are installing.
- 6 Verify that the database has been upgraded by running the following DMDBA command as your system user (Oracle) or pcms\_sys user (SQL Server):

```
upgrade all /force /logfile=<logfile.log>
Exit DMDBA.
```

7 Restart the listener and Tomcat services.

# **Updating Tomcat Installations**

Dimensions 14.3.2 uses Tomcat 8, which is located in the following directory:

```
%DM_ROOT%/../Common Tools/tomcat/8.0
```

After a server upgrade, Tomcat webapps files for previous installations are located in one of the following directories:

- Tomcat 6.0: %DM\_ROOT%/../Common Tools/tomcat/6.0
- Tomcat 7.0: %DM ROOT%/../Common Tools/tomcat/7.0

For each application, determine if you can move it to the new Tomcat webapps folder or if a previous installation is required.

# **Recalculating Database Statistics**

Recalculate database statistics using Oracle tools or the Dimensions CM DMDBA commands (see the *System Administration Guide*).

# **Configuring a Deployment Server**

If you are using CM deployment you must enable logging and configure the deployment server after upgrading. For details see the *Deployment Guide*.

# **Upgrading Pre-14 Data**

If you are upgrading from a pre-Dimensions CM 14 release you must upgrade your data to use the new Versioned Repository Schema (VRS). The upgrade is required to populate the VRS schema for the existing streams, projects, and baselines.

Serena recommends that you first upgrade active, recently used projects, streams, and baselines so that your users can start work immediately. Then upgrade the rest of the data. Dimensions CM operates normally while the upgrade utility runs in the background.

You can use the following methods to perform the VRS upgrade:

- The Versioned Repository Schema Upgrade GUI utility
- The dmdba command line

**IMPORTANT!** During the VRS upgrade the index tablespace(s) may increase by 50 percent. You may need to make the tablespace bigger before you start the upgrade.

## Using the VRS Upgrade Utility

- **1** Launch the Versioned Repository Schema Upgrade GUI utility:
  - **a** Change directory to the Dimensions CM root directory.
  - **b** Run the dmprofile environment script.
  - c Call the vrsupgradeui script.
- 2 In the login dialog box specify a schema name, schema password, and DB connection for the database you want to upgrade. Click **OK**.

The Versioned Repository Schema Upgrade utility opens. It may take some time for the data to be loaded from the database. Navigate between the tabs to display the projects, streams, and baselines that can be upgraded.

- **3** By default all objects are selected initially. To modify the list of objects to be upgraded apply the following filters:
  - In the Filter box enter a value and from the list select one or more of these filters:
    - ID
    - · Last Updated Date
    - Items
  - Select the **From and/or To** options and specify a date range.

**TIP:** Use the right-click menu to expand, collapse, check, and uncheck objects and trees.

**CAUTION**: By default all objects are selected. When you apply filters all selected objects will be upgraded, not just those displayed in the filter list. Deselect objects that you do not want to upgrade.

**4** To upgrade all the selected objects click **Upgrade**.

Click the **Logging** tab to display details of the upgrade progress.

When the upgrade is completed click **Finish**.

## Using dmdba to Upgrade to VRS

Connect to the base database using the dmdba utility:

dmdba DB name/db password@db connection

#### To upgrade projects and streams:

Run the upgradevrs command. You must use a pattern or list to specify the projects and streams to be upgraded:

- Project name or pattern: PRODUCT: PROJECT, PRODUCT:%, %
- List: specify a file containing a list projects and streams in /B[ULK FILE]=filename

The file should have one stream or project per line followed by '/'.

#### To upgrade baselines:

Run the upgradebln141 command. You can use a pattern or list to specify the baselines to be upgraded:

- Baseline name or pattern: PRODUCT:BASELINE1, %
- List: specify a file containing a list of baselines in / B[ULK\_FILE]=filename

The file should have one baseline per line followed by '/'.

### To prepare streams for use in CM Bridge:

Run the upgradecmbr command to prepare your streams. This command has no parameters and upgrades all streams.

### **Computing Oracle Statistics**

If you are using an Oracle RDBMS, after completing the VRS upgrade Serena recommends that you compute statistics. To compute statistics connect to dmdba as the system user:

```
dmdba system/sys_password@db_connection
connect base_db
statistics compute
```

Depending on the size of your RDBMS this operation may take a few hours. When successfully completed it will speed up queries and increase system performance.

# **UNIX Server Post-Upgrade Tasks**

### **Updating Database Views**

**IMPORTANT!** The following steps are *only* required if the Dimensions CM version you upgraded to has base databases in *addition* to the process models you selected during the initial fresh installation. These base databases are automatically updated by the upgrade installer.

The following steps must be performed on each of the additional base databases:

- Log into dmdba as the Dimensions CM RDBMS administrator, normally system. Enter the following in a terminal window (where <connect\_string> is the appropriate RDBMS Database Source Name for the connection):
  - \$ dmdba system/<system\_password>@<connect\_string>
    For example:
  - \$ dmdba system/manager@dim14
- At the SYSTEM> prompt enter the following Dimensions dmdba command-pairs for each base database:

```
drop_base_views <BaseDatabase1> /Force
create_base_views <BaseDatabase2> /Force
drop_base_views <BaseDatabase2> /Force
create_base_views <BaseDatabase2> /Force
...
drop_base_views <BaseDatabaseN> /Force
create_base_views <BaseDatabaseN> /Force
exit
```

For example, for a server that uses Oracle and has additional base databases test1 and test2 with the default <connect\_string> of dim14, enter:

```
$ dmdba system/<system_password>@dim14
SYSTEM> drop_base_views test1 /Force
SYSTEM> create_base_views test1 /Force
SYSTEM> drop_base_views test2 /Force
SYSTEM> create base views test2 /Force
```

SYSTEM> exit

### **Reinstalling Dimensions Published Views**

Reinstall all published views by running the following DMDBA commands as your system user (Oracle) or pcms\_sys user (SQL Server).

Delv basedatabasename

Insv basedatabasename

For more information see page 97 and the *Reports Guide*.

## **Rebuilding Existing API Applications**

Rebuild existing API, web services, or custom integrations, for details see the *Developer's Reference*.

## **Copying UNIX Oracle Configuration Files**

To enable UNIX Dimensions CM clients to access the upgraded installation, copy or merge Oracle configuration files for each client hosted on a UNIX system.

Copy the contents of the database server files located in:

/etc/tnsnames.ora or /var/opt/oracle/tnsnames.ora

to the clients:

/etc/tnsnames.ora or /var/opt/oracle/tnsnames.ora.

### **Configuring UNIX Command Files**

The upgrade creates the startup and shutdown scripts in the \$DM\_ROOT/prog directory. You may need to merge any customized changes that you performed on your previous scripts with these new versions.

Once you have made these changes, ensure that Dimensions CM will shutdown and startup successfully through these scripts.

### **Removing Duplicate Configuration Entries**

The upgrade may generate multiple rows of the same entry in the configuration file: \$DM ROOT/dm.cfg file.

It is advisable to check this file and remove any duplicate entries. If not, future changes made to particular rows will fail to become effective if subsequent unchanged formerly duplicate rows exist in the file.

### SSO and Smart Card Tasks

#### NOTE

- SSO with or without smart card configuration is only supported on Linux and Solaris.
- To implement smart card authentication after upgrading Dimensions CM with SSO see page 104.

If you are installing SSO with or without smart card see the following additional post-installation activities:

- "Configuring Trusted Certificate Authorities" on page 101.
- "Disabling Username and Password Authentication" on page 104.
- "Establishing a Certificate Revocation List" on page 104.

### Fixing Demo Certificate Mismatches

**NOTE** Only applicable if you are using demo certificates.

Upgrading a CM 12 server (without SSO) to 14.3.2 and then enabling SSO with the demo certificates causes a mismatch of the jks and pem files. You will need to manually restore the 14.3.2 certificates and restart Tomcat:

- **1** Before running the installer make a copy of the 14.3.2 backup file:
- ../common/tomcat/8.0/alfssogatekeeper/conf/
   truststore.jks.14.3.2
- **2** Stop the Tomcat service.
- **3** Run run the installer to install SSO.
- 4 Rename this file:

- ../common/tomcat/8.0/alfssogatekeeper/conf/truststore.jks Replace it with your backup of truststore.jks.14.3.2.
- **5** Rename this file:

```
/opt/serena/dimensions/12.1/cm/dfs/sts.pem
Replace it with a file called sts.pem.14.3 in the same folder.
```

**6** Restart the Tomcat service.

### Restoring SSO/CAC Customizations

If your environment already uses SSO with Common Access Card (CAC) enabled, during an upgrade the following folders are backed-up:

- tomcat/8.0/alfssogatekeeper to tomcat/8.0/alfssogatekeeper.pre.1.7.1.0
- tomcat/8.0/lib to tomcat/8.0/lib.pre.1.7.1.0
- tomcat/8.0/webapps/idp to tomcat/8.0/webapps.pre.14.3.2/idp

If you customized your SSO configuration with new certificates, and made changes to the truststore and keystore, do the following:

- Manually restore your custom keystore files from the backup to the idp and alfssogatekeeper folders.
- Merge your custom changes into:
  - idp/WEB-INF/conf/Configuration.xml
  - alfssogatekeeper/conf/gatekeeper-core-config.xml

Do not replace these new .xml files with the backed up versions.

# Migrating Pre-Dimensions 12 Deployment Data

You can migrate existing deployment data from pre-Dimensions CM 12 to version 14 and use it with the new deployment model. There are two separate processes that enable you to use your existing deployment areas:

- The Dimensions CM 14 database upgrade that is performed automatically during installation.
- A manual standalone upgrade/migration process (documented here) that migrates your existing deployment information into the new format first introduced with Dimensions CM 12.1. You can run this migration process when you are ready to bring a deployment area online for use in Dimensions CM 14.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

- You cannot deploy to an area that has not been upgraded.
- You must upgrade the metadata in an area before upgrading it.
   For details about the dmmeta Metadata Utility see the Command-Line Reference.

You can migrate existing deployment data from pre-Dimensions CM version 12 to 14 for one or all of your registered deployment areas. The areas being migrated must be online, accessible, and have valid login credentials specified against them for the migration process to work. For each area being migrated the process performs the following operations:

- Checks that the remote area is online and available.
- Scans the contents of the remote area for files that were placed there by Dimensions CM.
- Creates an initial area version that represents the current contents of that area based on the scan.
- Creates an area audit trail that reflects the area version that was just created.
- Validates that the area version just created is correct.

### **Preparing for Migration**

To successfully run the migration process you must first decide which areas need to be migrated and have those areas online and available. By default, the migration process attempts to migrate all active deployment areas currently registered in your database. If you are only using some of your deployment areas you should only migrate these and leave the others until needed.

Run the following checks against each area to make the migration process run smoothly:

- Check the area is online and is accessible to Dimensions CM. If it is running on a Dimensions CM agent, verify that the agent has been started and is running.
- Check the area definition has an area user and password associated with it. Failure to do so means that the migration of this area are skipped.

#### **NOTE**

- Run an AUDIT operation against each area before upgrading.
- This note only applies to areas hosted on z/OS mainframes on the MVS file system (not the z/OS UNIX file system).

The migration process described below explores all MVS data sets inside the area root. Some of the data sets may have been migrated to tape using the HSM product and the upgrade automatically recalls the data sets from tape. However, if this must done for hundreds of data sets it can be a long process as they are recalled one at a time. Serena recommends that you perform the upgrade one area at a time (using the -area switch on the command) and make sure that all the relevant data sets are recalled prior to issuing the command. This is a more efficient than a bulk recall of all the data sets. You can also skip old areas that are no longer needed (these areas are likely to be on tape).

### **Running the Migration Process**

You must run the migration process on a Dimensions CM server installation using dmdba. See the *System Administration Guide* for details about invoking dmdba. For each Dimensions CM base database that you want to migrate, perform the following steps:

- **1** Login as a valid CM administrator and setup the environment.
- Invoke dmdba against the SYSTEM (on Oracle) or PCMS\_SYS (MSSQL) databases, for example:

```
dmdba system/manager@dim14 (Oracle)
dmdba pcms sys@dim14 (MSSQL)
```

**3** Run the following dmdba command:

UPGRADEDEPLOY <baseDb>@<dsn>

#### where:

<baseDb>@<dsn> refers to the name of the Dimensions CM base
database that you want to upgrade.

The UPGRADEDEPLOY command can also accept these optional qualifiers:

-area <areaId>

Forces the migration process to only process the specified area identifier. If this qualifier is not specified all registered deployment areas are migrated.

-hidden

Automatically registers any migrated files that are not displayed in the deployment views. Please see the *Deployment Guide* for details on hidden objects.

-force

Forces the migration process to attempt to re-migrate the area even if it has already been migrated.

#### Example commands:

• To upgrade all the deployment areas in CM\_TYPICAL:

```
SYSTEM> UPGRADEDEPLOY cm_typical@dim14
```

• To upgrade only the deployment area LIVE in CM\_TYPICAL:

```
SYSTEM> UPGRADEDEPLOY cm_typical@dim14 -area live
```

• To upgrade only the deployment area LIVE in CM\_TYPICAL and hide the migrated files:

SYSTEM> UPGRADEDEPLOY cm\_typical@dim14 -area live -

#### hidden

### Migration Process Restrictions

- After you upgrade to Dimensions CM 14, the history for deployment areas only displays the new 'Deployment' event type and does not display pre-Dimensions CM 12 history. However, all of the pre-Dimensions CM 12 data can be queried from the PCMS PROMOTE HISTORY published view.
- The audit trail created by the migration process only consists of an initial area version and a list of all the items that are currently deployed to that area. Details of requests or baselines that might have also been deployed to that area are not created.
- When running the migration, any z/OS systems that are hosting deployment areas must have already been upgraded to Dimensions CM 14. Failure to do so causes the migration process to fail.
- Items that have been upgraded as a result of this migration process cannot be rolled back unless they are specifically redeployed.

## Upgrading the MO\_LIST Table

#### **Overview**

The build\_upgrade\_molist utility program is used to:

- Convert Dimensions MO\_LIST rows so that the data items in this table reflect the latest definitions of the data items used in the product.
- Prune unnecessary records from the MO\_LIST structure.

You can run the utility repeatedly to perform pruning operations. However, it is useful when converting to a 14 database. Failure to run this conversion utility will result in incorrect target determination during build processing and incorrect soft record processing.

Serena Support can provide a process to help you check if the upgrade is required. Due to the existence of several paths to 14, some from earlier conversion processes, it is recommended to run this process.

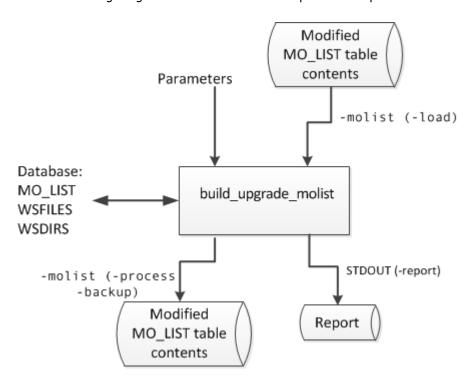
The primary purpose of the utility is to manipulate the contents of the MO\_LIST table, which contains build relationships. While the utility is executing the database is not altered and is available. The utility outputs a text file containing the proposed rows. You can then inspect the file and load it into the target system using the -load command or an Oracle utility. There are multiple qualifiers to control the behavior of the commands.

The MO\_LIST table holds made-of relationships between items and items. It is used extensively in builds to determine what makes up an artifact. There are several sorts of records on this table. The records used by build have the flags 'O' and 'S':

- O: Hard or ordinary relationship records that record actual dependencies observed by the build system.
- S: Soft records that record putative relationships derived from hard relationships on an earlier version of a source item.

#### **NOTE**

- M flag records are placed on this table by dm\_make/mcxslave processing but these are outside the scope of build.
- The utility has a backup facility so you can use it with relatively low risk.
- If you are not running Dimensions Build on MVS you do not need to run this utility.
- You must run this utility before you perform any builds in Dimensions CM 14.
- The upgrade utility may delete rows from the MO\_LIST table. It is recommended that you back up this table or the whole database before running the utility. As an added safeguard, the utility automatically makes a backup of the data.
- The utility can also be used, including after an upgrade, to reduce the size of the MO LIST table.



The following diagram illustrates the data input and output flow:

### **Unique Records**

After the utility has completed an upgrade, each pair (from\_uid, to\_uid) is unique. This behavior optionally allows a new index to be created against the MO\_LIST table, which may be useful in very large installations (see a page 151).

### **Soft Relationships**

A new set of soft records can be created by inspecting the existing relationships. The following should work as expected:

- Impacted target functionality.
- Build wizards.
- Newly edited versions of source files that have never been built.
- Older revisions which will never be built.

You can use this feature to create initial soft records when upgrading from an earlier version, or to replace the current set of records if they need to be reorganized.

#### **Pruning Redundant Relationships**

If you have a very large number of rows on MO\_LIST the utility purges the redundant rows. This only has a small impact on functionality. The build wizards should work as expected on all source items revisions, even after a rollback, or when using an old baseline.

The following are retained:

- All item revisions of both sources and targets.
- Relationships from all source revisions, with a minimum of one revision of each target present at every stage of each lifecycle.

The only relationships that are removed are duplicate links, from a given source to multiple versions of the same target. However, older versions of targets (not sources) may not have made-of relationships recorded. If this is a problem then a purge can be optional. Purge can be mitigated by using the footprinting feature of Serena Build to record the makeup of each target. A source based impacted targets search works from any version of that source.

### Syntax

```
build_upgrade_molist
  [-f <parameter filename>]
  -direct dbname/dbpassword@conn | <server connection
      parameters>
  -process | -backup | -load | -report | -all
  <qualifiers>
```

### where qualifiers can be:

Qualifier	-process	-backup	-load	-report	-all	Description
-trace	У	У	У	У	У	Turns on command tracing.
						■ Options: 0, 1, 2
						<ul> <li>Default: 0</li> <li>Option 2 is only available in conjunction with the -spec qualifier to limit the scope of the operation.</li> </ul>
-schema	У	У	У	У	У	Overrides a schema, for example: \"ndp.\" Applies to the MO_LIST table, WSFILES and WSDIRS.
-molist	У	У	У		У	Specifies a text file containing MO_LIST records.
-del			У			Deletes or replaces table rows.
						■ Options: 0, 1, 2, 3, 9
						■ Default: 2
-overwrite		У				Permits the overwrite of a backup file.
-product				У		Specifies a product.
-project				У		Specifies a project.
-filename				У		Specifies a mask to limit reporting.
-spec	У					Limits processing to specific item spec uids.
-drop	У					Drops relationships to target objects that match the specified mask.
- S	У					Creates soft records.
						■ Options: 0, 1, 2
						■ Default: 1
-0	У					Controls hard record pruning.
						■ Options: 0, 1, 2, 9, 99
						■ Default: 9

For full details of all the qualifier options see page 148.

### Using a Parameter File

Use the optional command -f <parameter filename> to read a file for additional parameters. This is particularly useful for options that are verbose such as -drop that can appear many times. It is easier to specify this list in a file, and refer to it with -f, than generate long commands. Do not use parameters containing spaces inside the parameter file. Example:

-f parm.txt

### Logging into Dimensions CM

-direct

Use this option if you are local to the Dimensions Oracle instance to log in directly to the database without using Dimensions. Dimensions does not have to be running and users can use the tables when the utility is executing:

-direct \"dbname/dbpassword@conn\"

### Example:

- -direct intermediate/intermediate@dim14
- <server connection parameters>

Use this option to log in via a Dimensions server, which must be running.

-server localhost:671

-user dmsys
-password dmsys

-database intermediate

-conn dim14

### Example:

-server localhost:671 -user dmsys -password dmsys
-database intermediate -conn dim14

### -process Command

This command performs an upgrade of the build relationship data without altering the tables. It is a read only process that creates a file containing the changed data. You can then load the file into the database using the -load command or use Oracle techniques.

### -backup Command

This command creates a text file of every row in the MO LIST table.

**TIP** You could instead use Oracle's native backup features.

### -load Command

This command loads a text file of build relationships into the MO\_LIST table. This is the only command that writes to a table. This file can be a backup taken earlier with the -backup command or an upgraded table produced by the -process command.

**TIP** sqlldr in Oracle may be quicker for very large tables. For more information see page 151.

### -report Command

This command lists the relationships that are found against a set of source revisions. The filename does not include the path and is in Dimensions format. It is used in LIKE ".." expressions in SQL therefore is case sensitive and can use % and \_ wildcards. For mainframe files, use FOO.COBOL rather than COBOL(FOO).

### Qualifiers:

- -product (case sensitive)
- -project (case sensitive)
- -filename (filename not the path)

### Example:

```
-product PAYROLL
-project TEST1
-filename test.c
```

### -all Command

This command executes a sequence of commands with pre-defined filenames. You can use it to execute an upgrade with a single command. It is equivalent to the following sequence of commands:

```
-backup molist_backup.txt
-process molist_process.txt
-load molist process.txt
```

# **Qualifier Options**

Qualifier	Options
-trace	0: No tracing 1: Normal tracing 2: Use with the -report qualifier for more detail.
-schema	The -process command requires these Oracle tables:
	■ item_catalogue
	■ ws_files
	usually the tables all come from the schema you connected to with the direct or -database options. However, you can get MO_LIST from a different schema if required, using the -schema qualifier. For this to work you will need to grant access to MO_LIST to the user which you logged in with. This is useful if you have restored a backup into BACKUP.MO_LIST and need a matching ws_files and item_catalog in another database. You then run the following commands:
	sqlplus backup/backup@dim14 For example:
	Grant select, insert, delete on table backup.mo_list to intermediate; You can load data into a foreign schema with the -schema qualifier. For example, this allows you to load the data into a test system. The table is called XXX.MO_LIST and the active user requires the GRANT INSERT permission.

Qualifier	Options		
-del	-del <sql delete="" option=""> where option can be:</sql>		
	■ 0: No records deleted.		
	■ 1: Soft records deleted.		
	■ 2: Soft and hard records deleted.		
	<ul> <li>3: Hard records deleted.</li> </ul>		
	■ 99: All records deleted.  The rows read from the file can either replace the rows already on the table or be merged with them. This depends on the -del qualifier that controls which rows on the current table will be deleted. If you are merging records, the index constraints need to be obeyed. Typically, if you are creating a set of soft records you would delete all existing soft records with -del 1. If you are pruning redundant records, delete all records with -del 99.		
-spec	-spec <obj_spec_uid> For testing and investigation it is useful to limit the utility to process only certain items. You can do this by listing the OBJ_SPEC_UID values, for example: -spec 8943226 -spec 9070313 -spec 9101070 List the source spec_uid and the target spec_uids if you want all the functionality to work as expected.</obj_spec_uid>		
-drop	<pre>-drop <sql like-clause=""> Use this qualifier to drop relationships to certain types of target objects. Use it multiple times to get a list. The strings are used in LIKE "" SQL statements against WS_FILES.filename. For example:   -drop %.DBRM   -drop foo.obj</sql></pre>		

Qualifier	Options
- S	-s option Creates soft records where option can be:
	<ul><li>0: Do not create any soft records.</li></ul>
	■ (Default) 1: Create normal soft records.
	<ul> <li>2: Create fewer soft records than option 1 by un-duplicating records based on the textual filename. This is useful if you have many Dimensions objects with the same name.</li> </ul>
-0	-o option
	Prunes hard records where option can be:
	■ 0: Do not create normal hard records.
	■ 1: Leave one relationship for each source/target/stage combination.
	<ul> <li>2: Leave two relationships for each source/target/stage combination.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(Default) 9: Leave relationships that match the ws_files table criteria, for example, honor -drop.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>99: Leave all relationships (-drop will not work in this case).</li> <li>Note: Even if you specify -o 99, records are still un-duplicated to create a unique (from_uid, to_uid) pair.</li> </ul>

### Reloading the Table

You can use the -load command to reload the table. However, for very large tables that exceed one million rows this might take a long time and put a strain on the Oracle re-do logs. It may be quicker to do the following:

- 1 Drop the MO\_LIST table and all its indexes.
- **2** Recreate the empty MO\_LIST table without indexes.
- **3** Use the sqlldr process from Oracle to reload data from the text file.
- **4** Recreate the indexes.
- **5** Grant again any accesses that are required.
- 6 Redo Oracle statistics.

You can perform step 2 by itself but it will probably be as fast as using the -load command.

An Oracle DBA can perform these steps by making note of how the table is currently set up so that it can be re-created in the same way (grants, indexes, and views). This process is quicker because the drop table is much faster than deleting all the rows (due to the re-do logs).

### Using sqlldr

Create a text file called molist-sqlldr.txt similar to this:

```
load data
infile 'd:\molist_process.txt'
into table mo_list
fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed by '"'
( from_uid
, to_uid
, flag
, rule_uid
, build_uid
, from_fv
, to_fv
, from_workset_uid
, to_workset_uid
, to_workset_uid
)
```

Note the infile syntax that names what the input file is. This is the file named by -molist in the upgrade command. For example:

```
sqlldr intermediate/intermediate@dim14 control=molist-
sqlldr.txt
```

### Creating New Indexes for the Table

This is an optional step and is only useful if you have a very large MO\_LIST table with millions of rows. You can combine it with the sqlldr process or execute it after the table is up and running after using the -load command. After running the -process command with -o 1,2 or 9, the data will be unique with respect to (from\_uid, to\_uid). Certain operation in the server may be faster if unique indexes are created.

The following two indexes can be created:

```
CREATE unique INDEX nbp.mo_listu1 ON nbp.mo_list
                     to uid
                      , from_uid
   );
   CREATE unique INDEX nbp.mo_listu2 ON nbp.mo_list
                     from uid
                      , to_uid
   )
Example of a full command:
   CREATE unique INDEX nbp.mo_listu1 ON nbp.mo_list
                     to uid
                      , from uid
   PARALLEL
                     DEGREE 1
                     INSTANCES 1
   )
   PCTFREE
                        10
                        2
   INITRANS
   MAXTRANS
                        255
   STORAGE
   (
                     INITIAL
                                         65536
                     NEXT
                                         1048576
                     MINEXTENTS
                     MAXEXTENTS
                                         unlimited
                     FREELISTS
                                         1
                     FREELIST GROUPS
                                         1
                     BUFFER POOL
                                         DEFAULT
   )
   LOGGING
   TABLESPACE
                        pcms data
   CREATE unique INDEX nbp.mo_list2 ON nbp.mo_list
                     from uid
```

```
, to_uid
PARALLEL
                  DEGREE
                                      1
                                      1
                  INSTANCES
PCTFREE
                     10
INITRANS
                     2
MAXTRANS
                     255
STORAGE
(
                  INITIAL
                                      65536
                  NEXT
                                      1048576
                  MINEXTENTS
                                      1
                                      unlimited
                  MAXEXTENTS
                  FREELISTS
                                      1
                  FREELIST GROUPS
                                      1
                  BUFFER POOL
                                      DEFAULT
LOGGING
TABLESPACE
                     pcms_data
```

### **Upgrade Example**

This example shows how to upgrade MO\_LIST using the build MO LIST upgrade utility.

**1** Back up the MO\_LIST table:

```
build_upgrade_molist \
     -direct intermediate/intermediate@d1222t0 \
     -backup \
     -molist ./backup-molist.out
```

This command:

- Copies all the data from the MO\_LIST table to a backup file.
- Does not make changes to the MO\_LIST table.
- Fails if backup-molist.out already exists. Use the qualifier -overwrite to overwrite it.

**2** Reads the MO\_LIST structure and obtains a report:

```
build_upgrade_molist \
    -direct intermediate/intermediate@d1222t0 \
    -report \
    -product ACCTS \
    -workset ACCTS \
    -filename %
```

### This command:

- Reports on the MO\_LIST table contents.
- Does not change the MO\_LIST table.
- · Sends the output file to stdout.

**NOTE**: -filename selects everything.

**3** Read and process the MO\_LIST structure:

```
build_upgrade_molist \
    -direct intermediate/intermediate@d1222t0 \
    -process \
    -molist ./trimmed-molist.out \
    -drop %.DBRM \
    -drop %.LNKLIB \
    -s 2 \
    -o 2
```

#### This command:

- Drops all relationships from source to DBRMs.
- Drops all relationships from LNKLIB outputs.
- Uses file names to reduce the number of soft records.
- Keeps two generations of source and target pairs.
- Writes the changed MO\_LIST data to trimmed-molist.out.
- Always overwrites trimmed-molist.out.
- Does not make changes to the database.

# **UNIX Agent and Client Post-Upgrade Tasks**

- See "Configuring UNIX Command Files" on page 135.
- See "Copying UNIX Oracle Configuration Files" on page 135.

There are no other post-upgrade activities apart from those described in Chapter 5, "Post-Installation Tasks" on page 85.

# **Useful Information**

### **Default Installation Locations**

### **Dimensions CM**

/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm

#### **Tomcat**

/opt/serena/dimensions/common/tomcat/8.0

#### **Pulse**

/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/pulse data

### CM Bridge

/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/bridge\_data

### **Install logs**

/tmp/dminet\_Installxxxxx.log and /tmp/dimensons\_install/\*

### **Clients**

- Dimensions 14.x will work with 12.2.2.x clients. Serena recommends upgrading the clients to match the Dimensions CM server version as soon as possible.
- If you are installing the clients on the same machine as the server, do not use the same directories as unexpected results will occur.

## **Agents**

- Dimensions 14.x will work with 12.2.2.x agents. Serena recommends upgrading the agents to match the Dimensions CM server version as soon as possible.
- An agent is a subset of a server and is not required if a server is installed. If you install an agent on the same machine as a server, unexpected results will occur.

### **Pulse**

Pulse is a Tomcat web application that is automatically installed under the Tomcat directories. To access Pulse, use the following URL:

```
http://<CM Server>:8080/pulse
```

Verify that the Pulse user was created during the upgrade:

- Oracle: log into SQLPlus as the Pulse user:Sqlplus pulse/pulse@dim14
- SQL Server: verify that the Pulse user has a log in through SQL Server Management Studio.

If the user does not exist, create a new user:

Oracle: Use SQLPlus create the user:

```
Create user pulse identified by pulse default tablespace PCMS_DATA temporary tablespace PCMS_TEMP; Grant connect, resource, create view to pulse; Commit:
```

- Verify that the startup.properties file in the <\$PULSE>/conf directory has the correct values. See the <u>Serena Support</u> <u>Knowledgebase Solution S140365</u> for details.
- If you make any of the changes described above, stop and restart Tomcat.

# **CM Bridge**

CM Bridge is a Tomcat web application that is automatically installed under the Tomcat directories. To access CM Bridge, use the following URL:

http://<CM\_Server>:8080/cmbridge/QLARIUS

See the CM Bridge Getting Started Guide for details.

# Chapter 9

# **Uninstalling Dimensions CM**

Introduction	160
Stopping Tomcat	160
Shutting Down Dimensions CM	161
Uninstalling Components	162
Uninstalling the Serena Runtime	163
Manually Cleaning Up	164

## Introduction

The Dimensions CM installer creates uninstaller files in the directory \_uninst\_maint located one level up from the Dimensions CM root directory. A record of the installed products is also created in the directory /var/opt/serena/inventory. To uninstall Dimensions CM components you *must* use these uninstaller files.

**TIP** It is good administrative practice to regularly back up the files in /var/opt/serena/inventory.

During uninstallation, Java executable files are installed that enable you to run the uninstaller in either GUI mode or "dumb-terminal/VT100" mode. GUI mode is the default, VT100 mode is invoked by specifying "uninstaller.bin -console".

Before initiating the procedures, ensure that you are not running any Dimensions or RDBMS applications.

# **Stopping Tomcat**

If you are uninstalling a Dimensions CM server first shut down Tomcat:

1 Login as the Dimensions system administrator (the user who owns the Dimensions CM files). Default: dmsys

**CAUTION!** Do not stop Tomcat as user root. It must be stopped by the DSA to shut down correctly

2 Stop the Common Tomcat:

```
$ cd $DM_ROOT/../common/tomcat/8.0/bin
$ ./shutdown.sh
```

**3** To verify that Tomcat is not running check the process list for the tomcat process.

# **Shutting Down Dimensions CM**

If you are uninstalling a Dimensions CM server or agent first shut down CM:

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Give yourself the Dimensions CM environment variable values by running the appropriate Dimensions CM login script, for example:
  - Bourne Shell

```
$ cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.2/cm
$ . ./dmprofile
```

C Shell

```
$ cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.2/cm
$ source ./dmlogin
```

- 3 Shutdown Dimensions CM:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.2/cm/prog
```

**b** Run this command:

```
# dm control cm stop
```

**4** Check that the Dimensions CM processes have shut down:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm[pal]
```

Services such as dmappsrv.x and dmpool.x should not be listed.

# **Uninstalling Components**

To uninstall Dimensions CM components:

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 Navigate to the \_uninstall director located one level up from the Dimensions CM 14.3 root directory, for example:

/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/ uninst maint

- **3** Invoke the uninstaller:
  - For GUI mode:
    - # ./uninstaller.bin
  - For CUI mode:
    - # ./uninstaller.bin -console

# Error Messages when Uninstalling UNIX Clients

If you uninstall the UNIX client from a directory beneath the root directory of the Dimensions CM installation you may receive spurious messages. Uninstallation will complete successfully and you can ignore these messages. These messages include:

- /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/common/tomcat/8.0/conf/ server.xml exists on this system and it has been modified since installation. Do you want to remove this file?
- rm: cannot determine if this is an ancestor of the current working directory /tmp/istemp495138092221 bash-2.05# id uid=0(root) gid=1(other)7
- cat: cannot open /tmp/istemp4482139051720/chunk2 , /
  tmp/istemp4482139051720/chunk1: No such file or
  directory , /tmp/istemp4482139051720/chunk2: No such
  file or directory
  # rm -r \$DM\_ROOT

# **Uninstalling the Serena Runtime**

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Give yourself the Dimensions CM environment variable values by running the appropriate Dimensions CM login script, for example:
  - Bourne Shell

```
$ cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm
$ . ./dmprofile
```

C Shell

```
$ cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm
$ source ./dmlogin
```

- **3** Shutdown the Serena Runtime:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog
```

**b** Run the following command:

```
# dm_control rdbms_stop
```

4 Verify that there are no Oracle processes remaining with names similar to:

```
ora_cjq0_<orasid> ora_ckpt_<orasid> ora_d000_<orasid> ora_dbw0_<orasid> ora_lgwr_<orasid> ora_pmon_<orasid> ora_qmn0_<orasid> ora_reco_<orasid> ora_s000_<orasid> ora_smon_<orasid> ora_smon_<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> ora_solo-<orasid> oracle<orasid>
```

where <orasid> is the Oracle SID (System Identifier) supplied by the installer.

- **5** For version 11gR2.0.3 of the Serena Runtime:
  - a Login as user root.
  - **b** Navigate to the uninstall directory:

```
$ORACLE HOME/../"Uninstall Serena Runtime 11.2"
```

**c** Run the following program:

```
"Uninstall Serena Runtime 11.2"
```

**d** After the uninstaller completes delete the directory tree containing the remainder of runtime executables, for example:

```
/opt/serena/oracle
```

# **Manually Cleaning Up**

If you are not going to re-install Dimensions CM or the Serena Runtime do the following:

- **1** Delete these files:
  - /etc/tnsnames.ora
  - /etc/sqlnet.ora
- 2 Remove pcms sdp from this file: /etc/services

# Chapter 10

# Migrating to a Serena-Supplied Runtime

Overview	166
Disclaimer	166
Typical Migration Scenario	166
Typical Migration Scenario	166

## **Overview**

This chapter describes how to migrate to the latest version of the Serena-Supplied Runtime RDBMS.

Some migration scenarios might require additional steps, for example, the pcms-sys.pcms\_db\_details table might be out of sync. Contact Serena Support or consult the knowledge base.

## **Disclaimer**

Serena makes no warranty of any kind in regard to the contents of this appendix, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantable quality or fitness for any particular purpose. Serena shall not be liable for errors contained in it or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance, or use of this appendix or associated software. The information in this chapter is subject to change without notice.

# **Typical Migration Scenario**

- Node A has a Dimensions CM production server running Serena Runtime version 11.x.
- The latest version of the Serena Runtime (12.x) demands more system resources. Node A cannot be upgraded to the latest Serena Runtime as the hardware is not powerful enough.
- A new machine, Node B, needs to be configured with:
  - Serena Runtime version 12.x.
  - The existing production server and Serena Runtime 11.x production databases (migrated from Node A).
  - The latest version of the Dimensions CM server.

#### To run this scenario:

- **1** On Node B, create a database instance, see *Installing the Serena-Supplied Runtime RDBMS*.
- 2 On Node B, perform a fresh installation of a UNIX server with the local Serena Runtime, see page 55.
- **3** On Node B, drop the pcms\_sys database and the demonstration database.
- 4 On Node A, export:
  - The existing 11.x pcms sys.
  - All the base databases from the Serena Runtime.
- **5** On Node B, import:
  - The pcms sys file
  - The base databases
- **6** On Node B, manually upgrade the imported databases to use the latest CM schema:
  - **a** Log into the dmdba utility as the administration user, typically system:

```
dmdba system/<system_password>@<connect_string>
For example:
```

dmdba system/manager@dim14

- b At the SYSTEM> prompt enter the following dmdba command upgrade all /force
- **c** Enter:

exit

**7** Upgrade the data in your RDBMS, for details see page 131.

# Chapter 11

# Installing zLinux and Linux Itanium Clients

Obtaining the Executables	170
Launching the Client Installer	170
Running the Client Installer	172
Checking the Client Installation	174
Uninstalling a Client	175

# **Obtaining the Executables**

Obtain the installation software for the Dimensions CM for zLinux and Linux Itanium clients:

- From a Serena-supplied Dimensions software DVD. Copy the contents of that DVD to a disk being careful to maintain the directory layout structure.
- Download the UNIX tar file from the Serena Support Website.

# **Launching the Client Installer**

#### **IMPORTANT!**

- Check the installation prerequisites, see page 17.
- dmcli GUI login functionality requires the Open Motif package (openmotif-devel-XXX.rpm). Tip: use the zLinux Yast2 utility.
- Auto Merge functionality requires the following UNIX utility:
   diff3

# Installing from the HTML Front End

### Mounting a DVD

If you are using a Dimensions Software DVD or copying its contents to a local disk, you first need to mount the DVD. Consult your system administrator or vendor documentation.

### Launching the HTML Front End

- Navigate to and run the HTML installation front end index.html file on the mounted DVD or in the directory containing the copied contents of the DVD.
- 2 In the **If you are ready to install** section click **Click here >>** to access the **Ready to install** page.

- **3** Copy the appropriate link from the Agents and Clients section:
  - Red Hat zSeries and SuSE Linux ES zSeries:

```
dimensions cm/dimensions zlinux/install.sh
```

• SuSE Linux ES 64-bit, Itanium:

```
dimensions_cm/dimensions_linux-ia64_client_agent/
    install.sh
```

In a terminal window paste the link to manually run the executable.

**4** Proceed to "Running the Client Installer" on page 172.

## **Installing from a tar File**

- **1** Login as a user root.
- **2** Extract the contents of the zLinux or Linux Itanium tar file.

**TIP**: Capture the installer output into a script logfile, for example:

```
# script install_zliunx.log
# umask 022
```

Exit script logging after completion of the zLinux installation by entering exit.

**3** Initiate the client installer:

```
# ./install.sh
```

**4** Proceed to "Running the Client Installer" on page 172.

# **Running the Client Installer**

Dimensions 14.3 - Installation Requirements

Please ensure the following:

- 1. You are currently running from the root account
- 2. An OS login id already exists for the Dimensions System Administrator
- The OS group 'dmtool' already exists for owning the Dimensions files

Prompt Do you want to continue? (Yes, No) [Yes]

- **1** Type Yes to continue. The license agreement are displayed in a UNIX "more" window.
- 2 Read the license and quit the UNIX "more" window: q

Prompt Do you accept the terms of the license agreement (Yes,No) ? [No]

Type Yes to continue.

Dimensions 14.3 - Installation Type

Choose the installation type that best suits your needs.

- 1 Client Installs only the Dimensions CM Client files.
- 2 Agent Installs only the Dimensions CM Agent files.

Prompt Select the number corresponding to the type of install you
would like: [0]

Type '1' to install the client.

**NOTE** The Dimensions CM and Dimensions CM client files are identical.

Prompt Enter the OS login id for the Dimensions system administrator [dmsys]

Press RETURN to accept the default login ID or enter an ID.

Prompt Please specify a directory or press Enter to accept the default directory [/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3]

Press RETURN to accept the default directory or type an alternative directory name.

Prompt Enter the Dimensions Web Client hostname

Enter the hostname of the system hosting the client.

Dimensions 14.3 are installed in the following location: /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3

With the following features: Dimensions CM Client Common Tools

For a total size: 170 MB

With the following Dimensions Web Client hostname: <host name>

Using the following login id for the Dimensions System Administrator: dmsys

Type Yes to continue.

If logging to a "script" logfile enter:

# exit

# **Checking the Client Installation**

## **Setting Up the Dimensions CM Environment**

**1** Go to the Dimensions CM root directory, for example:

```
# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm
```

**2** Run the following command:

• Bourne shell: \$ . ./dmprofile

• C shell: \$ source dmlogin

# **Configuring an X Window System**

If you have an X Window System configure it as follows:

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 Set up the Dimensions CM pcms\_sdp network service. Locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following to the end:

```
pcms_sdp<white-space>671/tcp<white-space># <comment>
```

This entry is required by dmcli, the command-line client

**3** Give all users permission to use the display:

```
# xhost +
```

Some UNIX systems do not allow you to directly output X11 programs to your local display. Export the X11 display to another X11 system or run this command:

```
$ ssh -X root@localhost
```

## X Window System

**1** Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client:

dmcli

- 2 Enter details in the Dimensions login dialog box. The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions > prompt.
- 3 Enter: exit

## **Command Prompt**

- **1** Login as user root.
- **2** Give all users permission to use the display:

```
# xhost +
```

3 Invoke the Dimensions CM command-line client:

For example:

```
dmcli -user dmsys -pass <dmsys_passwd> -host sun1
    -dbname cm typical@dim14
```

The output should be a Dimensions CM banner and copyright message followed by a Dimensions> prompt.

4 Enter exit.

# **Uninstalling a Client**

To uninstall an earlier version delete the client file hierarchy:

```
# rm -r $DM_ROOT
```

# Chapter 12

# Installing zLinux and Linux Itanium Agents

Obtaining the Executables	178
Running the Agent Installer	178
Checking the Agent Installation	180
Uninstalling an Agent	183

# **Obtaining the Executables**

Obtain the installation software for the Dimensions CM for zLinux and Linux Itanium agents:

- From a Serena-supplied Dimensions software DVD. Copy the contents of that DVD to a disk being careful to maintain the directory layout structure.
- Download the UNIX tar file from the Serena Support Website.

# **Running the Agent Installer**

**1** Extract the contents of the zLinux or Linux Itanium tar file.

**TIP**: Capture the installer output into a "script" logfile, for example:

```
# script install_zliunx.log
# umask 022
```

Exit script logging after completion of the zLinux installation by typing exit.

2 Initiate the agent installer:

```
# ./install.sh
Dimensions 14.3 - Installation Requirements
```

Please ensure the following:

- 1. You are currently running from the root account
- 2. An OS login id already exists for the Dimensions System Administrator
- 3. The OS group 'dmtool' already exists for owning the Dimensions files

Prompt Do you want to continue? (Yes, No) [Yes]

- **1** Type Yes to continue. The license agreement are displayed in a UNIX "more" window.
- 2 Read the license and quit the UNIX "more" window: q

Prompt Do you accept the terms of the license agreement (Yes,No) ? [No]

Type Yes to continue.

Dimensions 14.3 - Installation Type

Choose the installation type that best suits your needs.

- 1 Client Installs only the Dimensions CM Client files.
- 2 Agent Installs only the Dimensions CM Agent files.

Prompt Select the number corresponding to the type of install you
would like: [0]

Type 2 to install the agent.

The Dimensions CM and Dimensions CM agent files are identical.

Prompt Enter the OS login id for the Dimensions System Administrator [dmsys]

Press RETURN to accept the default login ID or enter an ID.

Prompt Please specify a directory or press Enter to accept the default directory [/opt/serena/dimensions/14.3]

Press RETURN to accept the default directory or enter a directory name.

Dimensions 14.3 are installed in the following location: /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3

With the following features: Dimensions CM Agent

For a total size: 100 MB

Using the following login id for the Dimensions System Administrator: dmsys

Type Yes to continue.

If logging to a "script" logfile enter:

# exit

# **Checking the Agent Installation**

This section describes some quick checks that you can perform to establish that your agent installation is functioning. Full post-installation activities are described in "Post-Installation Tasks" on page 85.

To perform these checks you need to have an evaluation license or a fully licensed version of Dimensions CM

## **Starting the Listener**

#### Root User

- **1** Login as user root.
- 2 Set up the Dimensions CM pcms\_sdp network service. Either locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following entry at the end:

pcms\_sdp<white-space><port>/tcp<white-space># <comment>

This entry is required by the Dimensions CM listener.

<port> default: 671

- **3** Start the Dimensions listener:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:

# cd /opt/serena/dimensions/2009R1/cm/prog

**b** Run the following command:

# ./dmstartup

The dmstartup script also exports the environment variables to the user root and runs this Bourne shell login script located in the root directory (\$DM ROOT):

dmprofile

**4** Check that the Dimensions CM processes have started:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm
```

Services such as dmlsnr and dmpool.x should be listed.

#### System Administrator or Non-Root User

**1** Log into Dimensions.

Some UNIX systems do not allow you to directly output X Window System programs to your local display. Export the display to another X Window System or run this command:

```
$ ssh -X root@localhost
```

2 Set up the Dimensions CM pcms\_sdp network service. Either locally, or on a NIS server, edit the file /etc/services and add the following entry at the end of the file:

pcms\_sdp<white-space><port>/tcp<white-space># <comment>
This entry is required by the Dimensions CM listener.

```
<port> default: 671
```

- 3 Log out and log back in as the Dimensions system administrator (by default dmsvs).
- 4 Navigate to:

```
$DM_ROOT/dfs
```

**5** Edit the file listener.dat and add the following entries:

```
-user <DSA_username>
```

-restricted mode

where <DSA\_username> is the system administrator non-root user that is running the Dimensions listener on the Dimensions agent (typically dmsys.)

- **6** Start the Dimensions agent listener:
  - **a** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory, for example:
    - # cd /opt/serena/dimensions/14.3/cm/prog
  - **b** Run the following command:
    - # ./dmstartup
- 7 Check that the Dimensions CM processes have started:

```
# ps -eaf | grep dm
```

Services such as dmlsnr and dmpool.x should be listed.

#### **Stopping the Listener**

#### System Administrator or Non-Root User

When an agent's listener service is owned by the system administrator (by default dmsys), modify how it is shut down:

**1** Navigate to:

```
$DM ROOT/prog
```

**2** Edit the file dmshutdown and modify this entry:

```
./stop\_dimensions
```

to:

```
./stop_dimensions -host <host_name>:<port_number>
```

#### For example:

```
./stop_dimensions -host DMSERVER:1025
```

#### **Verifying the Agent Installation**

See page 91.

## **Uninstalling an Agent**

#### **Uninstalling a Default Installation**

To uninstall an existing earlier default (root) installation of the agent:

**1** Go to the Dimensions CM prog directory:

```
# cd $DM_ROOT/prog
```

**2** Run the following command to shutdown the listener:

```
# ./dmshutdown
```

**3** Delete the existing agent file hierarchy:

```
# rm -r $DM ROOT
```

#### **Uninstalling a Restricted Mode Installation**

To uninstall an existing earlier restricted mode (dmsys) installation of the agent:

- **1** Shutdown the listener, for details page 182.
- 2 Delete the agent file hierarchy:

```
# rm -r $DM_ROOT
```

# Chapter 13

# **Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting the Listener	186
Enabling Serena Dimensions Listener Tracing	190
Extracting Windows Directory Items on Solaris	191

### **Troubleshooting the Listener**

If users are unable to connect the listener may not have started successfully.

#### Validating Listener and Pool Management Executables

Dimensions CM requires specific library dependencies (and DLLs on Windows). To validate, login as the owner of the installation (dmsys by default), set up the environment, and run the following executables from the command prompt:

Windows:

dmlsnr
dmpool
dmappsrv

UNIX: use the LDD or equivalent command

dmpool dmappsrv

If any of these executables fail to run due to library or DLL loading errors, you must determine the cause of these errors before you can successfully run Dimensions CM. Common causes include running on a non-supported OS or failing to set up Dimensions CM correctly. If reinstalling Dimensions CM does not solve the issue, contact Serena Support.

#### Validating Log-In Details

If the login information you supplied during installation are incorrect, the Listener may fail to start. You can verify the login details with a set of initialization parameters that trace the Listener and provide information on what the cause of failure might be. For instructions on how to activate this listener tracing page 190.

If the logs generated as a result of enabling the listener trace contain errors such as the following, it is possible that either the user name or associated password that you specified during the installation are wrong.

```
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:25:55 E P3036 T1204 password not set for user xxx\dmsys
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:25:55 E P3036 T1204 StartUserProcess failed with 1326,
Logon failure: unknown user name or bad password.
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:25:55 E P3036 T1204 xxx\xxx/
*****, invalid user or password
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:25:55 E P3036 T1204 Cannot initialize pool
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:25:55 L P3036 T1204 Exiting

dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 L P2208 T3648 DBS process created, id 928
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 L P2208 T3648 write message to process 928
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 L P2208 T3648 read message from process 928
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 E P2208 T3648 dmappsrv initialization failed,
process 928
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 E P2208 T3648 Cannot initialize pool
dmpool 2004/01/23 12:33:26 L P2208 T3648 Exiting
```

You can correct these details as follows:

- The username is specified by the -user parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or %DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent). If this value is incorrect, edit this file to change the specified user.
- To reset the associated user password used by Dimensions CM, run the following commands as the administrator of the Dimensions CM installation:

```
dmpasswd <username> -del
dmpasswd <username> -add -pwd <newPasswd>
```

where <username> is the OS user and <newPasswd> is the current password for this user.

#### **Validating Environment Variables**

Verify that your DM\_ROOT variable is pointing to the correct installation and that the executables in the path are the correct ones. You might have earlier versions of executables from previous installations that are being picked up first. Also, ensure that your path is only picking up one installation of Dimensions CM.

#### **Validating the Listener Socket is Available**

1 Check that the -service parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/ listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or

- %DM\_R00T%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent) refers to a valid TCP/IP service name.
- **2** Windows only: Check that the socket service number has been specified in the %DM\_ROOT%/dm.cfg file. The format for this specification is:

```
DM SERVICE <SERVICE NAME> TCP <serviceNo>
```

- **3** Run the command netstat -a and check the output to determine if the socket is already in use. If it is, reset the TCP/IP service number and try again.
- 4 If you are using firewalls or other network software/hardware, check that these have been correctly configured to allow communication on your chosen socket/service.

# Validating the Serena License Server is Running

Validate that Serena License Manager is running, and that the Dimensions CM server is configured to point to a valid license server. In the Serena License Server installation directory, check for any log files that may have been generated in the appropriate sub-directories, and examine these files for any obvious errors.

#### **Checking the User's Password**

For the user name that is specified by the -user parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or %DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent), check that the OS password for that user contains no underscore ("\_") characters. If it does, reset the password using the appropriate OS commands and through the dmpasswd utility.

#### Validating the ODBC DSN for Connections

If you are using ODBC as the Dimensions CM database connection layer, validate that the name of the user specified by the -user parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or %DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent) is not the same as

your DSN name. Failure to do so may cause ODBC connection errors to occur.

#### **Checking SQL Net Authentication Errors**

Under certain circumstances, Oracle fails to authenticate with your pool user. This occurs on various platforms when using Active Directory for user authentication. You can identify this issue by enabling listener tracing, see page 190. Check the resulting trace logs in the dmappsrvprocessId>.log files to see if you have Oracle connection errors. If you have errors, try changing the SQL Net authentication service as follows:

- Edit the contents of the file sqlnet.ora in your %ORACLE\_HOME%\NETWORK\ADMIN directory.
- 2 If the file contains the line: SQLNET.AUTHENTICATION\_SERVICES= (NTS) Change the line to read SQLNET.AUTHENTICATION\_SERVICES= (none) and restart the listener.

# Removing OPS\$ Accounts With Oracle and ODBC

If the user managing the pool, as defined by the -user parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or %DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent), has an OPS\$ account defined for them in Oracle, this can cause problems with ODBC connectivity. To determine if this user has OPS\$ privilege, log in as that user and try the following command:

```
salplus /
```

If a connection to the database is established, run the following SQL commands to drop that OPS\$ account.

```
SQL> connect system/<system_passwd>
SQL> drop user OPS$<userId> cascade;
```

#### **Database Connection Errors**

Verify the connection to the database by enabling listener tracing, see page 190. After attempting to start the listener, look at the output from the log files that are generated. If these log files contain errors similar to the ones shown below, the database details specified by the -dsn parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent) or %DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent) may be incorrect. In the case of the Oracle below, the password details for the database have not been correctly registered:

```
dmappsrv 2004/01/23 12:33:26 E P928 T2516 Pcms error: 1,
    Error: Unable to connect to database "intermediate"
dmappsrv 2004/01/23 12:36:30 E P3864 T3572 Pcms error: 1,
    Error: Schema version check failed for Dimensions
    database "intermediate"
```

To verify that the database connection details are correct, use RDBMS utilities such as TNSPING to validate that the DSN you specified exists, and that you can connect to it. Also, test the connection to the database specified through the -dsn parameter in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs/listener.dat file (UNIX server or agent)
%DM\_ROOT%\dfs\listener.dat file (Windows agent) file, and validate that the connection works.

Use the Dimensions CM dmdba cpas utility to ensure that the database password for the database you are connecting to has been registered with Dimensions CM. Use help cpas within dmdba for options.

If none of the above help, contact Serena Support.

### **Enabling Serena Dimensions Listener Tracing**

To help diagnose issues with the Listener. Dimensions CM provides initialization parameters to start the listener in a mode that traces status information to a log file. To enable tracing, add the following lines to the listener.dat file in the \$DM\_ROOT/dfs directory (UNIX server or agent) or %DM ROOT%\dfs directory (Windows agent):

```
-tracedir <directory name>
```

<sup>-</sup>trace

where <directory\_name> is the path where the trace files will be created, for example, /tmp/tracedir. Restart Dimensions CM to start tracing. To disable the tracing, remove the two variables and restart Dimensions CM.

### **Extracting Windows Directory Items on Solaris**

To store a Dimensions CM directory item on a Windows platform and then attempt to extract it onto a Solaris platform with a directory pathname greater than 100 characters, you must install the publicly available GNU tar utility on both the Windows platform and the Solaris platform—in the directories %DM\_R00T%\prog and \$DM\_R00T/prog respectively.

If you do not do the above, the following error are reported:

Error: unable to extract from archive file

This is a result of this 100-character limitation being handled incompatibly by the GNU tar utility and the native version of tar shipped with Solaris.